

GERMAN CANKER MUST BE CUT OUT

Bonar Law Says That Aggressive
Military Spirit of Teutons
Must Be Crushed.

London, May 31.—A. Bonar Law, leader of the Conservatives and of the Unionist party, who became Secretary for the Colonies in the new Cabinet in an interview a few days before the new ministry was formed, was asked: "What do you think has been the Government's greatest mistake?"

"In my judgment," he said, "the greatest mistake of the Government was its apparent failure to organize until recently the business energy of the nation. Until the appointment of a munitions committee the business man was left in the cold, and only now do we appear to be doing what France did at the very beginning of the war. It is plain that the staff which can deal with normal demands is insufficient when these demands are abnormally multiplied.

"Even yet the mistake is not wholly remedied, for it is noted that Mr. Hand-Ed Booth is the only man of business experience and training on the committee appointed for accelerating the supply of munitions. The other members of the committee represent either politics or the service. But, the appointment of district committees is a step in the right direction and indicates a real principle of co-operation which should have been in practice from the first."

Business Men Lacking.

Discussing the kind of men prominent in public affairs the leader of the opposition said:

"The impression I have formed in connection with politics is that the ordinary politician is either a rich man who has been trained for the political arena or a lawyer. Both have contempt for the business man, for as a rule, the business man is inarticulate—he knows what ought to be done, but is not exercised in explaining the reasons."

"Perhaps in some such way it comes to pass that in a business nation like ours it is a comparatively rare thing for the real business man to be found taking his share in the government."

In reply to a question as to whether the people should not be taken more into the confidence by the government, Bonar Law said, without hesitation, that in his opinion the government had made the mistake of not telling the whole truth when it chanced to be unfavorable.

Bad News Develops Energetics.

"It was a mistake from every point of view," he said, "for our people are so constituted that they pour out their best energies when the tidings are bad, though, perhaps, they tend to take things too easily when there is too much optimism."

Bonar Law recently paid a visit to the front. In response to the interviewer's request for some of his impressions, he said he had been most struck by the really wonderful spirit of intimacy between the officers and men.

"Our officers are never weary of singing the praises of the men," he declared. "On the other hand, the men are devoted to their officers, for whom they seem to have personal affection. In this regard I had some opportunity in talking with the general staff—this was over a month ago—and I found an unbroken strain of confidence in the ultimate result of the war."

Peace When Germany's Benten.

Turning to the contemplation of peace, the opposition leader added that even now Germany seemed to be beginning to talk of peace in terms. "But, in my view, there will be no peace until the policy of wanton aggression, which is the outward expression of Prussian military arrogance, is destroyed, and that can only be accomplished by the complete overthrow of the German empire."

"If at the end of this war, only such treaties are valid as coincide with the caprice of a nation, then all our sacrifices will have been made in vain. Just think, for example, what would be the position of Belgium if there was a coming peace? It would be a comic situation, apart from its elements of tragedy, for Germany to be one of the signatories to a treaty guaranteeing the neutrality of Belgium."

"What about the part played by the colonies in the war?" was the next question.

German Disappointments.

"It is quite commonly known that Germany had hopes when the war broke out of finding the Empire torn asunder by internal divisions, but in these expectations they have been utterly disappointed.

"What to me is a very fine feature is the simple fact that the colonies do not assume the attitude of helping us, but regard the quarrel as theirs. They know, as it were, by instinct, the issues at stake, and it is not only in defense of the Motherland that they fight, but with the consciousness that it is their quarrel as much as ours."

An Outcome of War.

Asked what might be the future of the new imperialism, as it may be phrased, which has been born amid the fires of war, he said:

"When the war is over things cannot remain as they are. I have always believed in a real organic union, such as is involved in an imperial parliament in which the representatives should all be members proportionately to the population. Such a parliament would have control of the foreign policy and questions of the imperial defense.

"There may be difficulty in working out in detail the construction of an assembly of this kind, but I believe the solution can be found, provided no party issues are interwoven, and on condition, also, that the proposal was completely acceptable to the colonies.

"The only end of the war, the only result which can give rest to Europe, is the destruction of the aggressive military spirit of Germany. That canker must be taken away, if possible, forever."

BOUND TO FORCE STRAIT

Allies Continue Fight Vigorously on Gallipoli Peninsula.

Jakarta, May 29.—A despatch to the Javanese Agency from Athens dated May 26 says the action of the Allies against the Turkish positions in Dardanelles Strait is continuing vigorously.

"The Allies are constantly being informed that the Turkish position is being brought up by the incessant renewal of the attacks. These indicate to them the absolute determination of the Allies to force the straits. From time to time the British and French artillery throw a veritable hail of shells on the Turks."

BATH HOUSE HIT; SCORE ARE KILLED

Building Used by Germans Is Shattered by British Shells.

London, May 28.—An account of the occurrences at the front, written by the British eyewitnesses, was given out in London today, says:

"A building in La Lyssee used by the Germans as a bathing establishment, was hit recently by one of our howitzer shells while it was full of German officers. The explosion was a terrible one. Twenty and twenty of them were killed or wounded."

DEEDS AS BRAVE AS BALACLAVA CHARGE

Mr. Will Irwin Writes of How
Canadians Fought Near Ypres
—Supreme Test of Valor.

Mr. Will Irwin, the famous war correspondent whose story of the battle of Ypres has become a classic, has the following to say of the Canadian part in the action near Langemark:

Finally, there are the Canadians. Since the affair which the United States calls the war of 1812 Canada has known no war, save minor engagements with red Indians and the war against nature. The rest has been peace and nation building and prosperity. Now the Canadian contingent was scarcely upon the line before they behaved heroically at Hill 60. A fortnight later, and while they still ranked as "raw troops," the food of the war brought them a supreme test of valor. The poisonous cloud of noxious gas had driven back the French to their left. Their line was "dangling in the air." They were bombarded in front, they were sniped, they were going to be "killed" from the rear. They were shrouded in poison fumes. They held on, they even advanced; they did the impossible by rescuing their guns. And they stuck until ordered back to join the new line.

With them, and with the others, no military decorations can possibly reward all the deeds of valor. There is the boy I saw going under the X-ray. His hands were in bags; they had been shot through. His leg was in a splint; the bone was shattered. He was going to be "killed," however, that the surgeons might find exactly what had happened to a splintered skull. He managed to tell the attendants that he had received his "crack on the head" last of all, and that machine gun fire at close range did it. What a story underlies that statement! Shot in one hand—he kept on. Shot in the other—he kept on. His leg shattered—he kept on, until he fell unconscious from the "crack on the head."

There were five men in a certain Canadian company and the unrecorded rest of that company. They had charged, they had won, they started to secure their position. Along came a surprisingly heavy counter attack. But they held and held and held, until, when the recoil sounded, only five men leaped and ran back to the retired trenches—and two of them were wounded. Was Balclava finer than this? Yet it is lost among the mighty deeds of this war.

No Degeneracy in Peace.

The men who did all this were raw troops, judged by the old standards, and they came from a dominion which has been at peace for a century. It is no good to say that they were "backwoodsman" and therefore accustomed to something resembling war. Some of them, it is true, were old farmers of the Saskatchewan, miners of the Klondike, or voyageurs of the great rivers. Further not a few were native-born citizens of the untamed Western United States. But as many, or more, left desks in Montreal, Ottawa or Vancouver to go to war.

When war is forced upon a nation, as it has been upon the more civilized nations of Western Europe it is of course, necessary to fight back. It is especially necessary in this case, if you believe in maintaining a bloodless democracy. But let us be honest, even in the midst of the struggle. Peace has brought to Europe not decadence, but such many fibre as the world never knew before. Perhaps this has happened because the men of many fibres have had a chance under peace to live and breed their kind. One suspects that just to live well in this complex, modern world—to be deaf to siren songs, to be calm in adversity, to keep working, to endure bereavement and disappointment, to break untrodden ways through the wilderness of industry, commerce and science—that all this breeds enough of manly fibre.

After this war, let no worshipper of bleedings gods put in his sermons of valor the statement that peace breeds degeneracy. It is not peace which does this; it is too much war.

SHELL SHORTAGE IS EXAGGERATED

British Troops Are Battering
Their Way Through Enemy's
Trenches—Attacks on Lord
Kitchener Resented.

London, May 31.—A correspondent of The London Morning Post telegraphing from the North of France, says:

"I have made it my business to make particular inquiries as to the actual state of matters regarding our shell supply. I am assured from a number of reliable sources that our artillery is doing magnificently, and that, while we certainly do require high explosive shells in ever-increasing quantities, the situation in respect of this has been exaggerated in some quarters. To quote an expression, we are dynamiting our way through the German defences much in the same way as the French are. We are blowing up their trenches, and doing it rapidly and to bits, and in certain instances we were into the German trenches and had their occupants caught trembling with fear in their dugouts."

"The trenches themselves, concreted and steel-plated though they have been, have been found to be so paralyzing that we have been able to rush them and we actually found a gramophone playing away in a dugout, no one having had the presence of mind, or perhaps the time, to shut it off."

"The German trenches were found to be lighted with electricity in many places, and to be fitted with electrical pumps and other wet weather."

"I find amongst our soldiers widespread indignation in respect to the attacks upon Lord Kitchener. It is logically in the nature of the matter being really meant patriotically, properly and action representations in the right quarter would have been sufficient to call attention to the matter, or failing that, plain public statements, regularly made, would have been sufficient to bring the matter to the attention of the already loudly strummed chord, would have amply awakened the public."

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SALE OF NOTIONS

Smallwares at 5c

Smallwares at 10c

Footwear

Accessories

Smallwares at 15c

Smallwares at 25c

Millinery and Ladies' Wear

Dry Goods Specials

House Furnishings Specials

Men's Furnishings

Remarkable Values in Men's Tailored Suits

Sparkling Cold-stream Cider

Week-End Grocery Savings

A Saturday Foot-wear Special for Girls

A LOW SHOE FOR SUMMER WEAR AT LOW PRICES

The Hudson's Bay Company

H. M. S. MAJESTIC IS TORPEDOED BY TURKS

Sinking of Vessel Makes Fifth British Warship to Be Lost in Dardanelles Operations.

Though clouds of gas were projected again and again toward the British trenches, the Germans never succeeded in their attack on Monday. In putting the lines in serious danger, though they did gain a footing in some of the trenches; but the front, as a whole, was successfully held.

A terrific bombardment was opened in the course of the night. It proved a continuous hail of shells, that showed clearly that the Germans intended to advance at all cost by sheer weight of metal and men. Under this appalling avalanche of steel and high explosive, the British hero themselves wonderfully, though suffering heavy losses. They steadily awaited the onslaught, which the Germans were to follow. "Then their opportunity came."

Suddenly, in the moonlight, the Germans swarmed up one of their trenches and began to form for the advance. The British artillery and machine guns, assisted by the French artillery, let loose a tornado of lead among them, and shot the Germans like grass. With absolute disregard of the slaughter, the Germans continued to form into massed columns and they started to advance in their old-style formation. Six times in succession their columns swung forward to utter annihilation, only to be under bombardment their armor, nothing except a few ruined farms.

Meanwhile, to prevent the French and Belgians on the British left from advancing and causing a diversion, the Germans turned upon their lines about midnight. The British could have held the line, but they chose to sacrifice a few of their own men to prevent the Germans from doing so. It is reported that the French and Belgians did not suffer greatly in either loss of ground or men.

Relatively slight as these German successes are, the British could have prevented them only at the price of a sacrifice of life equal to that which the Germans deliberately exposed themselves.

That, however, is not the Allies' policy, which is rather to allow the enemy to bleed himself in such carnage and reserve their own human material for the hour of the forthcoming advance.

CANADIAN STEAMER VICTIM OF TORPEDO

Morwenna of Montreal First Dominion Vessel to Feel Sting of Germany.

Cardiff, Wales, May 28.—The steamer Morwenna of Montreal, a Dominion vessel, was torpedoed by a German submarine at midnight Wednesday at a point 160 miles west by south of St. Ann's Head.

One member of the crew of the vessel was killed, while three were wounded. The others have been landed safely at Milford Haven, Wales, today. The Morwenna was owned by the St. Lawrence Shipping Company.

The Morwenna was bound from Cardiff for Sydney, Cape Breton, in ballast. The Belgian trawler Jacqueline picked up the crew.

AUSTRIANS RECEIVE CHECK AT RIVER SAN

Muscovite Troops Drive Enemy Back Across River in the Neighborhood of Sienawa.

London, May 21.—The battle for the fortress of Przemyel, in middle Galicia, remains the outstanding feature of the war. There has been heavy fighting north of Arras, where the French continue to make progress, the Germans admitting tonight their evacuation of Arras. But this is a small affair compared with what is going on around Przemyel.

The Germans and Austrians, with an enormous weight of artillery, continue to fight desperately in an effort to encircle the fortress, which is already reported to be under bombardment from the river on the San, to the north of Przemyel, have, however, apparently received a check. The Russians, after driving them back across the San in the neighborhood of Sienawa, have now turned their attention to the forces which crossed the river to the north and south of Jaroslavl and have been delivering ferocious attacks.

To the southeast of Przemyel, the

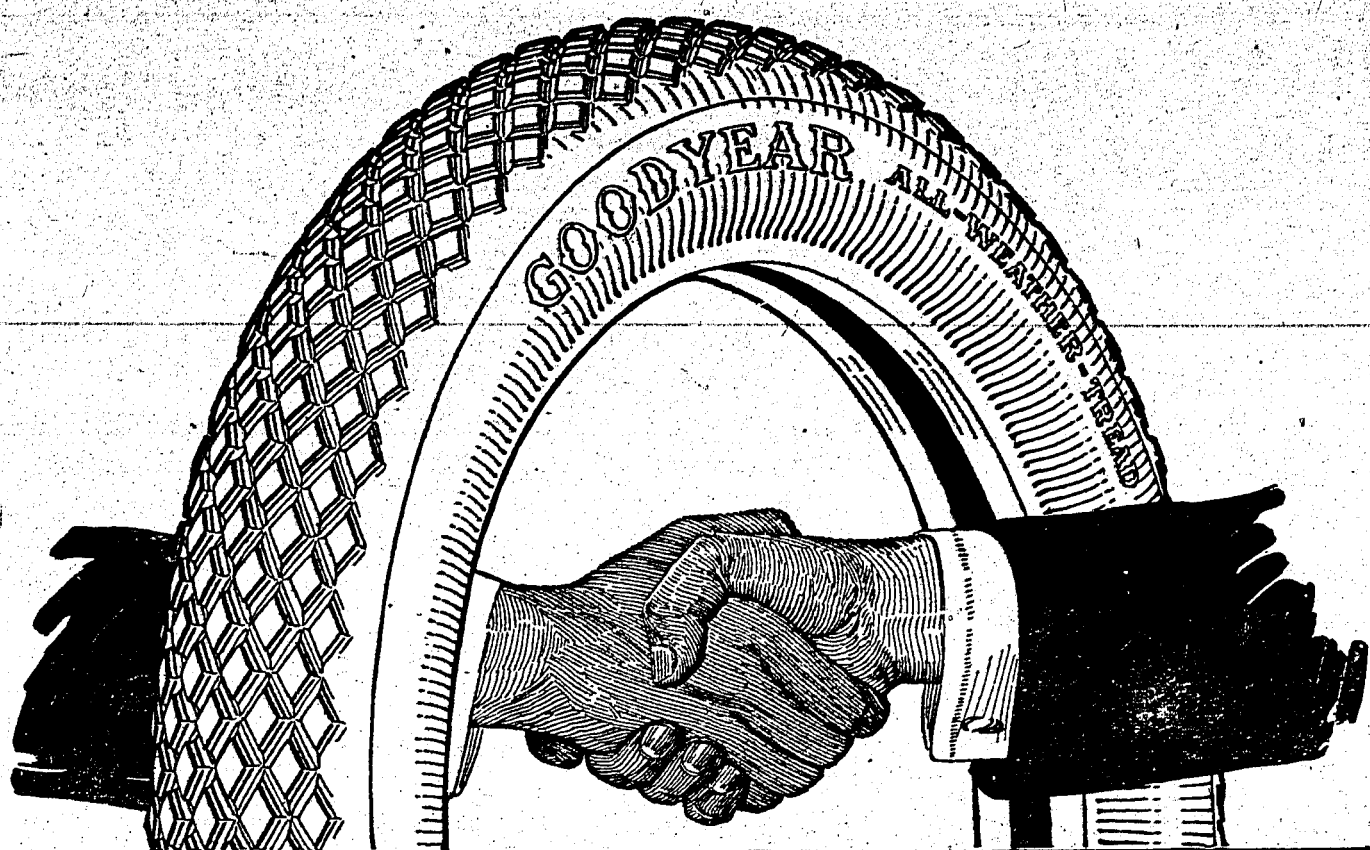
BIRD MEN ATTACK BRIDGE

Throw Bombs on New German Railway Centre at Ghent.

Rotterdam, May 29.—The Allies have not been long in attacking the new German railway centre at Ghent. A raid by their aeroplanes has caused extensive damage there. The chief objectives were the St. Pierre railway station and the railway bridge over the Scheldt. This bridge, which was only built a few years ago, carried practically all the traffic from Brussels and Ostend, and over it ran the Berlin and Vienna expresses. Well-aimed bombs exploded on the main arches and blew a great hole in the bridge. The railway station buildings were wrecked and the tracks damaged, as well as a quantity of stores.

NEAPOLIS FOR RUSSIA

Toronto, May 31.—A Russian-made here to the order of the Russian Government was tested today. It is of 160 horse-power and can carry 500 pounds.



The Co-operative Tire

That Canadian Workmen and Users Put on Top in 4 Years

This is the famous Fortified Tire—made in the big Goodyear factory at Bowmanville, Ont. It was started four years ago in a modest way. But here is a tire that skilfully fortified users against the major causes of trouble. Some soon found it out and told the many. Hence on March 1st we doubled our capacity.

Prices Reduced
As users multiplied our output they cut our factory cost per tire.
So in the face of the war tax, we announced our third great price reduction. And now you can buy Goodyear Fortified Tires 37 per cent lower than the prices of two years ago. Yet in those two years we added costly defenses. They protect you against the worst attacks that a tire must meet.



Exclusive Features
Our No-Rim-Cut feature best combats rim-cutting. Millions of tires have proved that.

Goodyear Service Stations—Tires in Stock
MEGA MOTOR CO., Vernon, B. C. R. J. FLETCHER, Armstrong, B. C.
VERNON HARDWARE CO., Vernon, B. C. HOPE BROS., Armstrong, B. C.
D. LECKIE, Kelowna, B. C.

EXPLANATIONS TO UNIONISTS

Marquis of Lansdowne and Mr. Law Lay Facts in Regard to Coalition Ministry Before Their Supporters.

London, May 29.—The Marquis of Lansdowne and Mr. Andrew Bonar Law, both of whom now have seats in the coalition ministry, explained to their followers at a meeting of the Unionist members of both Houses of Parliament, held at the Carlton Club this week, the reasons why they decided to join the Coalition Government.

Mr. Bonar Law read a letter from the Prime Minister, in which the Premier suggested a coalition, saying: "After long and careful consideration, I have definitely come to the conclusion that the conduct of the war to a successful issue cannot be carried on except by a cabinet which represents all the parties in the State. I need not enter into reasons, sufficiently obvious, which point to this as the best solution for the country of the problems which the war now presents, nor does the recognition of its necessity involve any disparagement of my part of the splendid service which in their several positions my colleagues have rendered to the Empire."

"In this great and trying emergency my colleagues have placed at my disposal, in my judgment, and I am, therefore, in a position to invite you and those who are associated with you to join forces with us in a combined administration, in which I should also ask the leaders of the Irish and Labor parties to place at my disposal their action for the future preservation of our various divergent political purposes should be actively directed to the issue of the war."

Lord Lansdowne's Speech.
Lord Lansdowne in opening the meeting, said that ordinarily he disliked coalition, but the conditions at present were extraordinary.

"The country," he said, "is making stupendous sacrifices, and it is not possible for us to make it. We do not even yet know what dimensions these sacrifices may prove to be. New theatres of war unfold themselves before us; new developments, some of them of the most sinister kind, are being placed before us, and we must all of us be convinced that at such a moment nothing, only a supreme effort on the part of the whole nation will be sufficient to meet the difficulties and the opposition in front of us."

Lord Lansdowne, who has already experienced not a few disappointments; there have been shortcomings, miscalculations—some probably excusable some of them perhaps not. There had been something amiss with the national organization of the coalition.

"We are not sure," said he, "that we are getting the right men. As to munitions, I will not dwell on that painful chapter. But it is a matter of common knowledge that the failure to supply essential munitions, not once, but many times, has interfered with the progress of military operations. If this, or half of this, is true, it means that the staying power of the country is going to be taxed as it never was before, and if we are going to pull through it must not be by the aid of one party or another, but by the aid of the whole nation."

Lord Lansdowne explained that the Unionist election would have been a disaster of the first magnitude. They had therefore accepted the Premier's invitation.

Mr. Bonar Law.
Mr. Andrew Bonar Law said that just as the Unionists had decided that there must be a change, he had received a letter from the Prime Minister suggesting coalition, and he had immediately replied accepting the invitation. He regretted that the Government, which it was to succeed must be a national government in reality as well as in name. The only chance of success was that every member should act as a loyal colleague, and without any idea that by a party or another.

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RUSSIANS SCORE TWO SUCCESSES

Fortified Position in Shavil Region Captured From Germans and More Than Thousand Prisoners Taken.

Petrograd, May 31.—The following official communication was issued tonight: "In the Shavil region our troops have captured the strongly-fortified position of Bublie, taking more than a thousand German prisoners."

"On the lower Dubysa there has been stubborn fighting. In Galicia the fighting on the San continued with the same intensity. On the night of May 27 our troops opened an energetic offensive against the enemy positions north and east of Sienawa, inflicting on the enemy heavy losses. In the course of the day we captured his fortifications on the Pigary front, where the third Caucasian corps captured 6,000 Austrians and Germans, and six heavy guns, and six field guns."

"Nevertheless on the south and east of Radymow, the enemy, profiting by his considerable superiority in artillery, gained a certain amount of ground on both banks of the San."

"East of Goussow, near Kolkowice, the enemy, after a series of attacks on May 28, was repulsed, nearly everywhere, and could only maintain himself in front of our wire entanglements, from which he is being gradually dislodged by our counter attacks."

"According to the latest information the third Caucasian corps, resuming the offensive on the night of the 27th, carried Sienawa by assault, took an additional thousand prisoners, and captured five guns."

"Between the great marshes of the Dnieper and Dolina the enemy, who began a series of desperate attacks on May 28, was repulsed, nearly everywhere, and could only maintain himself in front of our wire entanglements, from which he is being gradually dislodged by our counter attacks."

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Lord Lansdowne's Speech.
Lord Lansdowne in opening the meeting, said that ordinarily he disliked coalition, but the conditions at present were extraordinary.

"The country," he said, "is making stupendous sacrifices, and it is not possible for us to make it. We do not even yet know what dimensions these sacrifices may prove to be. New theatres of war unfold themselves before us; new developments, some of them of the most sinister kind, are being placed before us, and we must all of us be convinced that at such a moment nothing, only a supreme effort on the part of the whole nation will be sufficient to meet the difficulties and the opposition in front of us."

Lord Lansdowne, who has already experienced not a few disappointments; there have been shortcomings, miscalculations—some probably excusable some of them perhaps not. There had been something amiss with the national organization of the coalition.

"We are not sure," said he, "that we are getting the right men. As to munitions, I will not dwell on that painful chapter. But it is a matter of common knowledge that the failure to supply essential munitions, not once, but many times, has interfered with the progress of military operations. If this, or half of this, is true, it means that the staying power of the country is going to be taxed as it never was before, and if we are going to pull through it must not be by the aid of one party or another, but by the aid of the whole nation."

Lord Lansdowne explained that the Unionist election would have been a disaster of the first magnitude. They had therefore accepted the Premier's invitation.

Mr. Bonar Law.
Mr. Andrew Bonar Law said that just as the Unionists had decided that there must be a change, he had received a letter from the Prime Minister suggesting coalition, and he had immediately replied accepting the invitation. He regretted that the Government, which it was to succeed must be a national government in reality as well as in name. The only chance of success was that every member should act as a loyal colleague, and without any idea that by a party or another.

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LAND REGISTRY ACT (Section 24.)

IN THE MATTER OF an application for duplicate Certificate of Title No. 187234 issued to Blanche Woodbridge, bearing part one half an acre of North West quarter of Section 6, Township 28 North, Range 12 West of the 1st Meridian, Province of British Columbia.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to issue a duplicate Certificate of Title to the above land to Blanche Woodbridge, unless in the meantime I shall receive valid objection thereto in writing.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., the 21st day of May, 1915.

15-5
JOSEPH H. DICKSON,
District Registrar.

IN THE MATTER OF the estate of Walter Oliver Connor, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of Walter Oliver Connor, late of Peachland, and Westbank, B. C., who died on the 25th day of June, 1914, are requested to send the same, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of June, 1915, after which date the said estate will be distributed among those entitled thereto, and no notice will be taken of claims received after that date.

Dated May 24, 1915.

R. B. KERR,
Solicitor for William George Hewitt, William Buchanan, and Walter Davis, Executors, Roselle, Block, Kelowna, B. C.

PROPORTION OF PARTIES IN THE NEW CABINET

Coalition Government Is Made Up of Twelve Liberals, Eight Unionists and One Laborite.

London, May 29.—The official announcement on the new cabinet says: "A place in the cabinet was offered to Mr. John Redmond (the Irish Nationalist leader), but he did not see his way clear to accept it."

"The Prime Minister has decided that a new department shall be created, to be called the ministry of munitions, charged with organizing the supply of munitions of war. Mr. Lloyd George has undertaken the formation and temporary direction of this department, and during his tenure of office as Minister of Munitions will give up the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer."

"It is understood that Mr. Henderson will assist the Government in matters relating to labor questions, especially those arising out of the war. The King has been pleased to confer upon Lord Haldane of Cloan (the retiring Lord High Chancellor) the order of merit."

The cabinet is composed of twelve Liberals, eight Unionists, one Laborite, Arthur Henderson, and one non-partisan, Lord Kitchener. Thirteen members of the old cabinet remain in office. Of these Mr. Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, Lord Kitchener, Mr. Buxton, Mr. B. R. Russell and Mr. Wood retain their old portfolios.

The promotion of Sir Stanley Buckmaster, whose greatest activities during the war have had to do with the management of the official press bureau, to the high honor of Lord Chancellor, and the acceptance by Winston Spencer Churchill, formerly head of the admiralty, of the merely nominal duties of the Duchy of Lancaster, are two surprises.

Retirement of Haldane.

The most prominent figure who retires from public life is Lord Haldane. His affiliations with Germany and his continued newsmongering attacks based on these, made his retirement as inevitable as Prince Henry of Battenberg's retirement some time ago from the admiralty for the same reason.

Viccount Haldane received an expression of the Government's confidence by the bestowal of the order of merit upon him.

The retention of Lord Kitchener as head of the army while David Lloyd George, with the newly created portfolio of the ministry of munitions, believes him of the responsibility of managing the supply department, and also A. J. Balfour's acceptance of the admiralty post were fully expected.

Accept Subordinate Places.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, whose health forbids hard work, becomes a member of the cabinet without duties except participating in its councils, and Mr. Churchill's position is virtually the same. His willingness to accept subordinate position and work for the success of the new Government is likely to make him popular with the country and aid his future political career.

Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Henderson will be especially charged with the task of rallying the working men to the Government's support, and much is expected of the former Chancellor of the Exchequer in organizing the country's industries.

Sir Edward Carson represents the Ulster faction of conservatism, and there is no doubt that Mr. Redmond will enter the cabinet and make the representation embrace all political parties.

Country's Strongest Men.

The cabinet undoubtedly includes the strongest men in public life; whether they will prove correspondingly strong as a working body is a question, the answer to which the country will anxiously await.

RAISES BUT LITTLE ENTHUSIASM IN ANY QUARTER.

The most that it accords is a disposition to give the new Government every opportunity to prove its worth.

The Irish party at a meeting in Dublin unanimously adopted a resolution approving Mr. John Redmond's action in declining to give the new Government the portfolio of the ministry of munitions.

The party issued a statement declaring that the events of last week have created a situation demanding the serious and careful consideration of the Irish people.

Regarding Premier Asquith's assurance that the coalition would not involve the surrender by any person of his political rights, the statement continues: "We accept that declaration, and so long as the pledge is honorably and strictly observed we shall be ready to give to the new Government, in carrying on the war, the same hearty cooperation as has been given by the party to the last Government."

"This war, as the world has repeatedly been assured by British statesmen, is being waged for the strict and honorable maintenance of treaties and for the right of small nations to freedom and the unhampered development of their national life."

Principles Dear to Irishmen.

These principles are very dear to Irishmen, and of incalculable value to the future of the new Government. The party is confident that these principles will be remembered and acted upon in any future transactions between the British and Irish nations, and while we accept this pledge of the Prime Minister, we feel that this is the only way in which the Government can win the trust of the Irish people that the great achievements of this party and the movement from which it sprang have been won by reliance upon themselves and by independent action in Parliament, and we are strongly of the opinion that the coalition acted wisely in declining, even in the extraordinary and unlooked for circumstances of the present hour."

ANOTHER MURDER WARNING GIVEN

German Government Tells the Americans to Be Careful in War Zone.

Washington, May 31.—An urgent warning to American shipping against traversing the naval war zone in the North Atlantic has been issued by the German Government today by the German Government through the American ambassador at Berlin.

The German warning was announced in the following statement, made public by the State Department: "The American ambassador at Berlin has been informed by the German foreign office that in view of the fact that during the last few weeks it has repeatedly occurred that neutral ships have been sunk in the waters designated as an area of maritime war by the German admiralty on February 4, 1915, and especially in one case where it was established that the sinking was caused by an attack by a German submarine which took the neutral ship for an English vessel in the darkness on account of the inadequate illumination of its neutral distinctive markings it recommended that American shipping should avoid the shipping lanes traversing the area of maritime war incautiously, and also urged to make the neutral markings as plain as possible and especially to have them illuminated promptly and sufficiently at night."

COL. MACRAE GOES TO ENGLAND.

Ottawa, May 29.—Col. J. D. Macrae of Vancouver, B. C., who has been in charge of remount purchasing agency west of the lake, left this week for England to take charge of the remount depot for the Canadian divisions.

HUN ATTACK BEATEN BACK

Further Successes by Canadians Reported From Northern France.

Northern France, May 29.—Further successes have been recorded by the Canadian division and the Territorial Force in the fighting in the Festubert-Richbourg section last night. Backed up by gas which they pumped from tanks on wheels and by bombs filled with

Six.

THE VERNON NEWS

J. A. MacKELVIE, Editor.
LOUIS J. BALL, Manager.
Vernon News Printing & Publishing Co., Limited, Proprietors.

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Advertisements running "till forbid" must be cancelled in writing. We will not be responsible for cancellations by phone.

Advertisers will please remember that to insure a change, copy must be in by Tuesday noon.

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WOMEN AND PEACE.

On another page will found an account of the proceedings of the International Women's Convention, held recently at The Hague, which we publish at the request of the local branch of the Equality League. We do not wish to criticise this manifesto too severely as we are prepared to believe that the women responsible for it were actuated by the best of motives, though it is now pretty well known that the movement which lead to this conference was backed in the United States by German capital and influence. In any case, it is rather absurd to hear these ladies "demanding" that the neutral nations shall bring about immediate peace. How this can be done is a question which they did not attempt to solve. In contrast with these puerile manifestations of a maudlin sentiment is the recent strong pronouncement by Mrs. Parkhurst, the head of the Equality League in England, whose stirring and patriotic call to the women of Great Britain was published a few days ago. We are inclined to believe that recent developments have opened the eyes of the women who attended The Hague convention to the real menace of the German spirit of militarism which will blacken the outlook of the world until it is crushed forever. The very day that Miss Addams, the president of the conference, reached Berlin, came the news of the crowning infamy of the Lusitania murder. It would be interesting to know what she thought of this incident.

But the women at The Hague did not, in any sense of the word, speak for the women of the British Empire. The sentiments of our Canadian women are admirably set forth in a little brochure which has been circulated by the National Committee of the Women's Council, and which, though it has appeared in the News before, we think it timely to reprint. It reads as follows:

"The National Committee for Patriotic Service desires to call attention to a Peace propaganda, emanating from certain neutral countries, and being now circulated in Canada. Letters and circulars in praise of peace have been issued, calling on women all over the world to unite in a great effort to stop the war. In some cases, signatures to a petition are requested; in others, membership in a Peace Society. In these circumstances, the committee calls your attention to the following considerations:

"Few indeed are the men or women who would hesitate to declare themselves in favor of peace. No neutral nation can hate war with half the intensity of hate felt by the nations who are bearing war's burdens. But declarations in favor of peace may be represented as condemning all who fight, and such use has been made of them during this war. Though we may hate war, and though we may admit that there is always wrong at the root of war yet we cannot unconditionally condemn all war, nor regard all belligerents as equally guilty. History teaches us that nations and individuals have been compelled to draw the sword in defence of the rights of the weak and of the principles of truth, honor and liberty, holding these dearer than peace, and even than life itself.

"The war in which we are now engaged is no mere scramble for gain, nor quarrel over rights in which all parties are alike to blame. It is rather a struggle between the principles of law and of force—between the policeman and the armed criminal whose liberty is a menace to the neighborhood. In such a conflict, neutrality has no particular merit; while to entreat the policeman to stop fighting does not tend to promote peace, but only tends to prolong a period of terror and insecurity.

"We have drawn the sword to defend the rights of the weak, the liberty of the many, and the pledged honor of the Empire. To sheathe the sword before these ends are achieved is to render useless the sacrifice of countless lives already laid down in defence of these great principles; for could we at this juncture secure peace, we should but leave to our children a dreadful legacy of hate and uncertainty. It would be, in truth, not a peace but a truce, lasting only until the nations had recovered sufficiently to test the issue once more by an appeal to arms; and, worse than all, we should leave Belgium to its fate as a German province.

"Shall not the women of this country bear their part in this war with the same high courage and steadfastness of purpose as animate our troops?"

"And what is our share?"

"To possess our souls in patience during war's hardships and uncertainties; to refrain from embarrassing our rulers by demands for a premature and illusory peace; to prepare ourselves for the new conditions and duties which peace will inevitably bring, while applying ourselves to the peculiar tasks imposed by war; and, above all, so to bear ourselves, as to be an inspiration in courage and self-sacrifice to the men who are fighting for our Empire—and for us.

"This is our share."

"When Germany has learned that right is stronger than might; when the mailed fist no longer threatens Europe, then may we hope for a peace which our children's children may inherit. And with such a peace, we may hand on, unbroken, the great traditions of our Empire—honor unstained, liberty safeguarded, justice vindicated.

"Such are some of the conditions to be considered before we unreservedly condemn war, or make petitions for immediate peace."

These are solemn words, but they ring with a spirit of true devotion which is in every respect worthy of the womanhood of Canada. No human balances can weigh the immense sacrifices which our women have nobly borne since the horror and devastation of this great struggle have been forced upon us. The country is justly proud of our gallant soldiers who have so heroically offered their lives for the cause of freedom, honor and justice; but equally brilliant on the scroll of fame will be the names of their mothers, sisters and wives whose burden of woe as they send forth their loved ones to the field of carnage nobody, perhaps, but a woman can fully realize. It is from the depths of such grief-stricken hearts that the noble words embodied in the above inspiring message are sent forth. All honor to such women! In comparison with their exalted idea of duty, and their true conception of the momentous issues which hinge upon the elimination of Prussian brutality as a world influence, the feeble frothings of a Hague convention sink into the realm of obscure insignificance.

EXPERIMENTS IN HORTICULTURE.

Director J. H. Grisdale, of the Dominion Experimental Farms, expresses the hope that Bulletin No. 82, of the Division of Horticulture, just issued, will be of material aid to the Canadian farmer. The contents certainly warrant expectation of fulfillment of the hope. The Bulletin is one of 88 pages and has been prepared by Mr. W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist, and the Superintendent of the Branch Experimental Farms and Stations. It tells the story of results experimentally achieved in all parts of the country, and under varying conditions, in the cultivation of every species of vegetable, every variety of fruit and of many descriptions of trees, plants and flowers. At this juncture it is interesting to look back at conditions in the corresponding period of last year. While unfavorable for early crops, 1914, we are told, was on the whole favorable. April, May and June were dry and the conditions, consequently, were not good. Indeed, some vegetables had to be resown. Potatoes ultimately yielded a good crop. Apples also recovered and did well. Strawberries would have been almost a total failure but for artificially applied water.

Results of hot-house as well as out-door experiments are detailed. Pomology is made a prominent feature, the chapter on the new varieties of apples that have been tested at the Central Experimental Farm being one that is worthy of special attention. As a matter of fact the Bulletin covers so wide a range and is so thorough in its contents that the best advice that can be given is that application be at once made for it to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, whence it will be forwarded free.

As showing the diversity of the information supplied, it is worth while to state that in addition to the report of results at the Central Experimental Farm, reports are given of developments in growth, cultivation and care of vegetables, fruit, plants, flowers and trees, and of the methods followed, at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island; Kentville and Sarnia, Nova Scotia; Fredericton, New Brunswick; Ste. Anne de la Pocatière, Cape Breton and Lennoxville, Quebec; Brandon, Manitoba; Indian Head, Northern and Scott, Saskatchewan; Lethbridge, Lacombe, Fort Vermilion, and Grouard, Alberta; and Assiniboia, Invermay and Sidney, British Columbia.

THE NAMELESS HEROES.

In a remarkable address in London recently ex-Premier Balfour paid a fine tribute to the nameless heroes on the battlefields. In thinking of this great struggle, he explained, one must imagine not only the generals always some distance behind the fighting line, controlling the general conduct of operations, but the work of the men in the trenches, often not knowing what is going on next door to them, intent on the immediate stress and struggle in which they are engaged, perhaps with no one to advise them, and perhaps with little expectation of help from outside—carrying out their own share of the common work, under circumstances of difficulty and danger which one finds it hard to realize. The names of all these heroes can never appear in any written account; their stories are too varied; it is too difficult to get at the facts after a battle.

"If you go," Mr. Balfour said, "as I have had the opportunity of going recently, to the front and talk personally to officers engaged in directing these great deeds you get an impression which it is very hard to convey to others, hard to put into words even to oneself, of the marvellous courage and endurance, the cheerful and serene heroism which is now being shown by our men at the front. Measured by every broad test of war, that heroism stands out under a splendid illumination. We hear of battalions losing a proportion of their numbers which would have been thought impossible in previous wars. What is important is to leave aside the statistical view of the war and to try and feel the individual courage and heroism of the man who doesn't know at the moment whether his side is winning or losing, who only knows he has a job before him which he has to do at all risks and does it."

Mr. Balfour's tribute to the nameless heroes is well deserved. When the historians have completed their record of this war it will be found that not only the great generals will be praised for the victories achieved but that the rank and file upon whose work ultimately depends the efficiency of everything that is done at the front will be given their full share of the honor and credit.

Mr. Balfour clearly displayed two essential and very sharply contrasted characteristics of the war. The hugeness of its use of men and the perfection of discipline and preparation which the German army in particular showed at the beginning of the struggle had astonished humanity, and yet he felt that at the bottom, and in spite of all the new elaboration of the great military machine, the parts were greater than the whole and that it was still individual wills and characters, not only of the leaders but of the rank and file, that won and lost battles. Germany today, Mr. Balfour declared, was a disappointed nation. It was an unquestionable fact that her position at present is incomparably less favorable than the Germans hoped it would be at the time of their triumphant march through Belgium, and incomparably less favorable than it might easily have been had the chances of war inclined by a hair's breadth to the other side. Not only had the inclination of these military forces gone, on the whole, our way, but it was perfectly clear that both materially and morally the relative position of our enemies was far less strong than it was at the beginning of the operations.

"I remember," Mr. Balfour said, "talking to an American military correspondent who was in Belgium when a certain section of the German army marched through the streets, where his lodgings were. I remember his vivid description to me of that endless tramp hour after hour—I think it last for thirty-six hours—battalions of infantry, regiments of cavalry, batteries of artillery, all spike and span, all coming out as if on parade, absolutely disciplined, in perfect order, everything in its place,—and whenever he pulled up the blind to look out, whether by day or night, he saw this sort of military nightmare going on unchecked, unchanged, apparently irresistible. Well, it very nearly was irresistible. To a certain point it was irresistible; but it has been resisted, and when a tide of invasion is checked and thrown back as this has been, depend upon it whatever happens the Germans never can pursue the same course or reach the same results as those who initiated the war had once almost a right to expect."

Germany today faces a crushing defeat. Her policy of murder and piracy in Belgium and on the high seas has made the Allies still more determined to end forever the Prussian spirit of hate and savagery. There will be no let up until Germany has been broken and humiliated, but the task is not an easy one. Until the final consummation is reached, the efforts of the Allies, great as they are, must not only not relax, but they must be increased; and in these efforts Canada must be prepared to do her full share.

B. C. FRUIT.

The following is from a recent issue of the Calgary Herald:

"We are thinking a lot of our country these days. Let us remember to act in accordance with our thoughts. One way to do so is to buy the goods made of the articles grown in our own country. We have little patience for economic sophistries in behalf of free trade these days. What we want to do, and what we

should do, is to encourage our own people in every possible manner, by buying one another's production and in encouraging one another.

"British Columbia is becoming a great fruit-growing country. It is growing and packing various kinds of fruit, the quality of which is improving every year. The British Columbia fruit growers have shown great courage in their enterprise. They depend largely on the people of the prairies for the support of their industry, but the people of the prairies too often forget to notice whether it be B. C. or California that is printed on the side of the case or package that they buy.

"Let us encourage our B. C. brothers. They deserve it, and, like ourselves, they probably need it."

KITCHENER AND FRENCH.

The following editorial recently appeared in the New York Sun, and is valuable as an indication of the admiration felt in the United States for the two great commanders upon whom the fate of the British cause so largely depends. The Sun says: "Whatever changes may occur in the British Cabinet Sir John French is not likely to be superseded as commander of the troops in France by Lord Kitchener. Each is in the right place. Kitchener is organizing armies for victory with characteristic energy, and French supplies the tactical skill in the field in perfect coordination with that great Frenchman Joseph Joffre.

"There should be no controversy about the comparative merits of French and Kitchener as soldiers because the British General at the front has done his difficult work admirably. If a vote could be taken in the army it would be practically unanimous against a change of commanders. If General Joffre and his able lieutenants—Pau and Manoury were consulted they would doubtless declare their strong faith in Sir John French and express their profound esteem for him as an associate.

As General in command, diplomat and comrade Sir John French's skill, tact and democratic ways have proved the wisdom of his selection. The South African war was not a great conflict, but it is no reflection upon Kitchener, whose system of blockhouses and drives ended it, to say that the most brilliant successes in the field were largely due to the genius of Sir John French as a cavalry commander. He made no mistakes, and often with a small force he beat the Boers at their own game. His dashes upon Kimberley and Koodersand, his victory at Elandslaagte and his strategy at the railway centre of Colesburg, all showing sound initiative and rapidity of execution, won him a place beside Stonewall Jackson, a soldier whom French humbly admired. It will be remembered that the cavalry saved the British army in the splendid retreat on Mons. "I never had to retreat," Von Moltke once said, "that is the true test of generalship."

"Since Mons, French has often taken the offensive with telling effect, not only in the great drive that forced the Germans to retreat from Meaux but at La Bassée, Neuve Chapelle and Ypres. In short, it is the French of the Boer war who is commanding the British army on the far larger stage in Flanders, and the German General Staff neither outwits nor outflights him. It would be risking disaster if the Government at home were to take the command out of the hands of Sir John French and make him subordinate to Lord Kitchener, who has had no time to study the intricate strategy of the campaign and does not know the terrain half as well as the other man. Which is doing the more valuable work in the war may be a question, but we have no doubt that Kitchener of Khartoum is great enough to insist that Sir John French shall not be disturbed in the supreme command in France."

CAPITAL AND THE WAR.

In his pamphlet, "The Financial Power of the Empire," Professor W. W. Swanson, of Queen's University deals, amongst other things, with the claim of some American journals that at the close of the war New York will be found to have displaced London as the world's money centre. Those who have taken this position have not, he says, surveyed carefully the situation and underlying economic facts. New York, it is true, in recent years, has made small loans to other countries, and considerable American capital has been invested in Canada.

But during the next 18 months the United States must find \$750,000,000 to refund maturing obligations for the most part industrial and railroad bonds and short term notes. In normal years Europe invests about \$300,000,000 in American securities and properties. The war has practically stopped this influx of capital. On the other hand Europeans are not unloading the American securities which they already hold, and the Republic is reaping a great harvest from the sale of foodstuffs and munitions of war at highly remunerative prices. There is a considerable accumulation of capital in the United States banks, but the disposition has been to let money out for short, rather than long, terms. Probably financiers in touch with the monetary situation are not certain as to what may happen before, or even immediately after, the return of peace.

As to the more remote future, Professor Swanson says: "No doubt

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I will buy for cash any of the above. Customers waiting for them. Cash for furniture in large or small quantities.

KAINES

The largest Second Hand Dealer in the Okanagan

Box 304 VERNON Phone 227

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G. A. HANKEY & CO., Limited

FINANCIAL, INSURANCE and GENERAL AGENTS

Head Office: VERNON, B.C. Branch Office: LUMBY, B.C.

Money to Loan at 8%
FIRST MORTGAGES, ON REVENUE PRODUCING PROPERTY.

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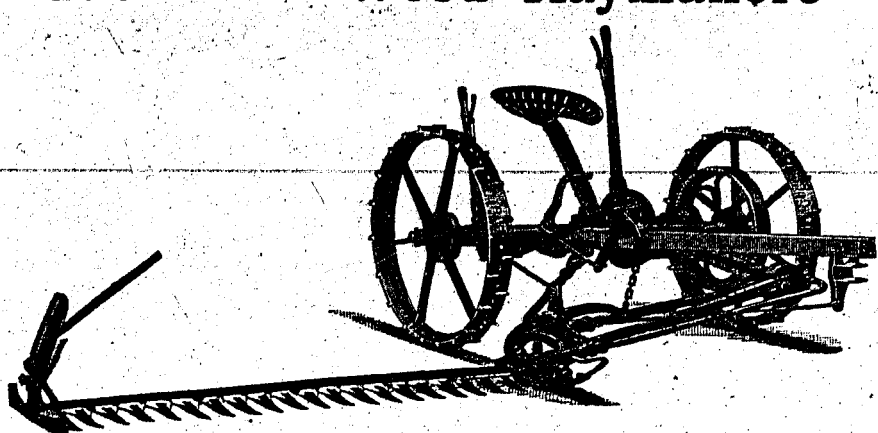
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FIRST MORTGAGES, ON REVENUE PRODUCING PROPERTY.

Frost and Wood Haymakers



USED ALL OVER THE BRITISH EMPIRE
FRANK S. REYNOLDS
VERNON, B. C.

EMPRESS---THURS., JUNE 3rd

'In the Days of the Thundering Herd'

A thrilling western photo drama in five parts, with Tom Mix and Bessie Eytan in the leading parts. This great big western production brings back the days of the Buffalo Chase, the Red Skin, etc.

An unusually strong program--also good comedies, etc.

Sock Shower

Under the Auspices of the Okanagan Women's Patriotic Society, to be held in the

OPERA HOUSE

Friday, June 4th

STARTING AT 3 O'CLOCK

No Admission Tea 20c

Musical Program

Fishing Pond Fortune Telling

Sweets and Flowers

TOWN AND DISTRICT

Don't forget the Sock Shower in the Opera House tomorrow afternoon.

J. F. Burne of Kelowna was among the visitors to the city on Tuesday.

Stanley Remnant, of the Second C. M. R., returned to Victoria on Thursday.

Capt. Gore, Supt. of the C. P. R. steamers in Kootenay and Okanagan waters, was in town on Friday.

Mrs. J. I. E. Corbet left on Friday for Portland, where her mother, Mrs. Gore, recently underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The Vernon Lacrosse Club will play a return match with the Kelowna team this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the park. A sharp game is expected.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Montague returned on Friday from their wedding journey, which they spent in a visit to the coast cities.

The summer time table on the S. & O. went into effect on Monday. The incoming train from Vancouver now reaches Vernon at ten minutes to one, and returns north at five minutes to three.

J. M. Cameron, Assistant General Manager of the C. P. R. at Vancouver, who has recently been promoted to a higher position in the company's service at Calgary, was in town on Monday.

D. C. Cornwall, Assistant General Manager of the C. P. R. at Western Lines, Winnipeg, passed through on Monday to attend the Board of Trade banquet at Penticton which marked the advent of the Kettle Valley trains into that city.

Mrs. E. Goulet of New Westminster is a visitor to the city this week. Mrs. Goulet was for several years a resident of Vernon during the time that Mr. Goulet held the position of C. P. R. agent here, and has many old friends among our citizens who are greatly pleased to have the opportunity of extending to her a warm welcome.

Mrs. G. R. Low, who has spent the winter and spring here and at Coldstream, returned to Vancouver by Monday's train. Mrs. Low has made many warm friends during her residence in this district, by whom her departure is greatly regretted, and who unite in hoping that she may return to the Okanagan at no distant date.

The local members of the legal profession had arranged to tender an informal complimentary banquet to Chief Justice Hunter on Tuesday night, but the event was called off by the Lordship's expressing a well-grounded disinclination to participate in anything approaching to a festive nature in these times when men's minds are saddened and distressed by the great toll of life exacted by the terrible conflict in which we are engaged.

Alex. Pinge-White, who has been a resident of Vernon for the past five years, will leave shortly for the Old Country, where he will join the Naval Ordnance Department of Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitehead & Co. Mr. White served with this firm for many years, and in these times of stress his services are greatly appreciated. He has had great experience in this work, and had much to do with the assembling of the first breadbasket built in England. He has made many friends during his residence in Vernon who will be sorry to see him leave, and will wish him all manner of future success.

Mrs. Douli, 'The Mount,' will receive on Wednesday, June 3rd.

E. M. Carruthers of Kelowna was in town on Tuesday.

B. F. Young of Armstrong was a visitor to the city on Monday.

Mayor Polson of Enderby was a visitor to the city on Monday.

Dr. Irvine of Oryama was in town on Saturday.

R. M. Palmer, of Waihachin was a visitor to the city this week.

Dr. Sutherland of Revelstoke was in town last Saturday.

Mrs. J. R. Conway wishes to announce that she will not receive next Tuesday nor again this season.

Friday, June 4th is the date of the sock shower at the opera house. Come and bring your friends!

W. A. Pitcairn, manager of the Coldstream Ranch, went down to Kelowna by Tuesday's boat.

R. M. Winslow, Provincial Horticulturist, went through on Tuesday on his way to visit points down the lake.

A. Austin of Ashcroft, and of the Royal Hotel Co., Vernon, came in on Tuesday's train.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bruce and children left last week for Wood Lake, where they will spend the summer.

Judge Swanson of Kamloops went through yesterday to Penticton where he held a session of County Court yesterday.

Canadian soldiers at the front need 50,000 pairs of socks a week. Boost the Sock Shower tomorrow in the old Opera House!

Mrs. Downes has a limited number of pairs of hand-made socks for sale for the Sock Shower. Proceeds will be given to buy more wool.

Editor Walker of the Enderby Press attended the Board of Trade banquet at Penticton on Monday, and returned home the following day.

Sergt. G. P. Bagnall, an old Vernon boy, came in yesterday with a detachment of the Ambulance Corps for the concentration camp.

Mrs. A. E. Sharpe and little daughter returned to their home in Shuswap today, after spending two weeks here visiting her sister, Mrs. W. J. Dockery.

R. Robertson, the former manager of the United Growers, came up from Vancouver on Tuesday, and is spending a few days in town.

Still showery! It is safe to say that there has not been such a spring and early summer in the history of the Okanagan for the past twenty-five years.

A. O. Cochrane motored in on Saturday from Kamloops where he had spent two or three days on a business visit. He brought Chief Justice Hunter over with him in his car.

The Rev. J. K. Wright, secretary of the B. C. Branch of the Bible Society, will occupy the pulpit at St. Andrew's Church next Sunday morning, and at the Methodist Church in the evening.

About twenty alien prisoners, with a guard of fifteen men under Lieut. Sellers, left yesterday for Monashee to fix the camp for the men who will be employed on the construction of the road to Edgewood.

It is requested by the School Board that all persons holding accounts against the Board for the Empire Day sports will present them to the secretary, F. W. Rolston, Room 5, Ellison Block, for payment.

W. C. Pound has received word that his son, Rev. A. N. C. Pound, M. A., and his wife, have both passed their examinations at the Kennedy School of Missions, Harvard. They intend to take up missionary work in China this summer.

H. C. Remnant, secretary of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, has removed his office from the Board of Trade room to the office formerly occupied by C. J. Hurt, whose local business he is looking after during Mr. Hurt's absence at Prince George.

So successful was the 'Pageant of Empire' production that the Girls' Club have decided to present it again on Thursday and Friday nights of next week, it being thought that the presence of the soldiers here will ensure good audiences. A part of the proceeds will be given to the Red Cross Society.

Colonel Taylor, principal of the Salvation Army Training School of Toronto, will give a lecture in this city, in the Salvation Army Hall, on Tuesday, June 8th at 8 o'clock. The Colonel is a very fluent speaker and his lecture is interesting. No admission will be charged, but a collection in aid of the work will be taken.

The Vernon Meat Market has been awarded the contract for supplying beef and butter to the concentration camp. The tender of T. R. French for supplying hay has also been accepted.

P. Bunn & Co. will supply the bacon and cheese, and the groceries and flour tender was awarded to the Okanagan Grocery. The contract for the supply of fuel was divided between Finch & Co. and Neil & Cryderman.

The executive of the Okanagan United Growers this week had a meeting here with P. Duffy, a large grower of apples from the Okanagan. It is proposed to make an announcement of the result of their conference, but it is safe to say that the full shipping capacity available, accommodating about 35,000 boxes, will be filled with Okanagan apples this year, and it is probable that will give a good return to the growers. It is also planned to ship about 14 carloads of apples to South Africa this season, space for 10,000 boxes having been arranged for with the Canadian-Cape line.

R. E. Berry, who has rented the curling rink for the summer, has completed all arrangements for opening up a moving picture show in that building, and this new place of entertainment, which it is expected will be largely patronized by the soldiers of the concentration camp, will be in full swing before the end of the week. The seating capacity will be understood that according to Mr. Berry's agreement with the rink company the building will still be available for exhibitions or public functions if required for these purposes at any time during the period of his lease.

Among the list of killed at the front this week is the name of Clerk D. Henderson of Vernon. This refers to a brother of E. Henderson, clerk of the Municipality of Coldstream. He was here a couple of years ago, and went to the front with the 2nd Highlanders of Vancouver. He participated in all the engagements of the 16th Battalion, and on Friday Mr. Henderson received a word from Ottawa that he had been wounded, followed on Tuesday by the sad announcement of his death. He was an old soldier, having served through the Boer War with Kitchener's Scouts, and during the last Indian War.

News of the death of the country was a great disappointment to Lord Methuen, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson of Coldstream have the sincere sympathy of many friends in their sad bereavement.

W. R. Megaw Departmental Stores

Big Clearance of Children's Wash-dresses at 95c and \$1.50

The first group consists of pretty little frocks in a splendid assortment of colors, made from imported ginghams, percales and chambrays. The patterns are neat and will wash and hold their colors well; the styles are attractive. In this group you will find dresses worth up to \$2.50. Special value at.....95c

In the second group are about a dozen or fifteen styles made of fine white lawns, prettily trimmed with lace and fine embroideries. These are in sizes five to twelve and a few in fourteen. Some great bargains await mothers who get here early. Dresses worth up to \$3.50, special at.....\$1.50

Shantung Silks all the Rage in New York—In Fashionable Sand or Natural Shades



New York started the vogue of the Shantung frock and now behold a perfect summer time craze for it. One of the most serviceable materials, shedding the dust and when it does become soiled emerging from the wash tub as good as new. We have these fashionable Shantung Silks in natural shades at, per yard.....35c to \$1.50

Rare Bargains Amongst These Wash Dresses Mussed and Soiled During Moving

About twenty White Muslin, Voile and Artine Dresses for Saturday's selling at a mere fraction of their real value. These dresses are only slightly soiled—a little soap and water will make them as fresh and clean as if they were just opened out of the original package. Sizes 34, 36 and 38, dresses worth \$5.00, \$6.50 to \$8.00. Ready at 8.30 Saturday morning.....\$3.50

These Dark Tan Oxfords at \$2.50

Are Considerable Less Than Actual Factory Price

When making our spring purchases of women's shoes everything pointed to a strong demand for the darker shades of tan and the new London brown in low shoes; so sure were we that these shades would be popular we bought heavy. But the demand did not realize and here we are with dozens of pairs of finest quality of Russia Tan and London Brown Oxfords in both lace and button styles; shoes made to sell at \$4.00 to \$5.00. We must clean them up quick. Imagine these shoes at.....\$2.50

Invictus Military Boots, the best good shoe made in Canada.



Fox's Spiral Puttees in light and heavy weight.
Khaki Service Flannel Shirts, Dr. Jaeger make: shoulder straps and two pockets, with or without collars.....\$5.00
Dr. Jaeger Underwear in combinations or two-piece suits, summer weights.
Founders' Gloves in cape and chamois.

Jaeger Sox for the Sock Shower

Pure wool sox in heather, grey and black at, per pair.....50c
Agents for Penman's Socks.
A large assortment of Hosiery for summer wear just in.

MILITARY SUPPLIES

As we are agents for the best lines of men's wear procurable we can supply all you require in these lines from stock or made to your measure.
Riding Pants, in regular service cloth leather faced and laced, 20th Century make.....\$12.00
Khaki Sateen Drill self faced and laced, 20th Century, perfect fitting.....\$6.50
Pythchley Brand Whipcord, leather faced and laced, at.....\$8.00

Specials from the Furniture Dept.

CAMP FURNITURE
Folding Camp Cots, canvas top.....\$2.50
Folding Camp Cots, woven wire top.....\$2.75 and \$2.50
Roll-up Mattresses for cots, filled with clean cotton, at.....\$2.75
Folding Camp Chairs with arm rests.....\$1.75
Folding Camp Chairs without arm rests.....\$1.50
Folding Camp Stools, canvas tops.....50c
Several other Folding Chair designs at.....\$1.25 to \$1.75
A good heavy Maple Table that will fold up flat (size 24x32) at.....\$2.50
See our stock of Sea Grass Furniture. The prices are down to rock bottom.

Miss Lizzie McDonald, who has been a resident of Vernon for several years, left yesterday for the Old Country.

T. E. Crowell left yesterday on a trip to Naramata where he has gone to inspect the new school house for the Government.

President Nicholson of the United Growers was over from Salmon Arm for a few days this week attending meetings of the Central Selling Agency.

J. E. Reekie of Kelowna spent a couple of days in town this week attending meetings of the executive of the United Growers.

Earl Pettipiece, formerly well known in Kelowna, spent several days in town last week, the guest of his brother-in-law, Mrs. A. J. McMullen, and left on Saturday to join the 54th Battalion at Revelstoke.

During his visit to Vernon this week, Sheriff Wood appointed C. D. Simms as clerk of the court for the place of Capt. S. A. Brew whose military duties now demand his whole time.

The mid-week attraction at the Empress on Thursday night will be a thrilling western photo-drama in five reels by Gilson White, with Tom Mix and Beside Byron in the leading roles. It is entitled 'In the Days of the Thundering Herd,' and shows an adventurous life of the great stampede of gold-seekers to California in the days of '49.

Dr. Frederick G. Shinn will give an organ recital in All Saints Church in connection with the evening service next Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock. This will be another of a series of great pleasure to local lovers of good music.

Dr. Shinn, who is acting as the examiner of the Associated Board of the R. A. M. and B. C. M., is a Doctor of Music in the University of Durham, Fellow of the Royal College of Organ-

ists, and an Associate of the Royal College of Music, at which college he was formerly an exhibitor. On leaving the Royal College of Music he was appointed organist and choir-master of St. Andrew's Church, and this post he still holds. For many years Dr. Shinn has been a member of the Council of the Royal College of Organists, and has acted as examiner for both Fellowship and Associate Diplomas. He is also a member of the Council of the Musical Association, the Incorporated Staff Sight Singing College, the South and West London Musical Festivals, and other bodies. He is a professor of harmony and musical composition, and has written for both the Guildhall School of Music, and held a similar post at the Crystal Palace School of Music until Christmas, 1914, when the whole of the palace was taken by the Admiralty for the accommodation of the Royal Naval Brigade and the art and music schools were closed to the public. For many years Dr. Shinn has devoted considerable time to public lecturing both to professional musicians and also to the general public, having given lectures and read papers before the Musical Association, and various musical conferences. Dr. Shinn is also the author of several musical textbooks dealing with subjects which he has specially studied, and methods of teaching which he advocates. These books are used at the Royal College of Music, the Guildhall School of Music, and other musical schools and colleges. He has also contributed articles to the new edition of 'Groves' Dictionary of Music.'

Eight hundred men of the 47th Regiment and the 11th C. M. R. are expected to arrive for training at the Vernon concentration camp today, and more will follow on Friday and Saturday. The 47th Regiment, which is now being recruited in the Kootenay and Boundary districts, will be here in the course of a few days as soon as it is mobilized. The new battalion of infantry for the raising of which in B. C. authority was given this week from Ottawa, will also train here this summer, and it is expected that between three and four thousand men will be present at the camp before the end of the season.

ASSIZE COURT.

Only One Civil Suit Brought Before Chief Justice Hunter.

There were no criminal cases on the calendar at the Spring Court of Assize which was opened here on Monday by His Lordship Chief Justice Hunter. One civil action was on the docket, and occupied the attention of the court during the afternoon.

The action of A. E. Lowery et al. against the firm of Cummings & Grifton and the Bank of Montreal was an action where a large number of wage earners had brought suit against Cummings & Grifton, sawmill proprietors, for the payment of wages, amounting to some \$4500, and to have a lien on certain logs and timber established, said lien to be enforced by a sale of such logs and timber, and the proceeds applied in and towards payment of the wages. The claim was against the Bank of Montreal as defendant, through its manager, had assumed control of the products of the mill, and consequently was liable.

In giving judgment dismissing the plaintiffs' claim against the Bank, the Chief Justice held that the demand was not sufficient to satisfy him that the Bank had taken such steps as could be construed as an act of possession. They might have threatened possession in case certain conditions imposed by the manager were not complied with, but that the Statute contemplated something more than threats.

Mr. R. R. Perry (Armstrong) acted for the plaintiffs, and Mr. C. B. Macneil (Vancouver) and Mr. A. O. Cochrane for the defendant, the Bank of Montreal.

Megaw's Grocery Bulletin

CHRISTIE'S BISCUITS

We have just received a direct shipment of these well known biscuits. They are fresh, crisp, and good right through.
2 lb. tins Zephyr Cream Sodas.....35c
3 lb. tins Zephyr Cream Sodas.....50c

Cocoanut Bars, Arrowroot, Social Teas, Reception Wafers, Pig Bars, etc.

BARBADOS MOLASSES

The genuine article. Mild flavor. Children prefer it to syrup. Bring your vessel for filling at Imperial quart.....25c

Purity Flour

This flour is well named. Its "purity" consists in using only the best No. 1 hard wheat in the milling. This places it at the top for quality. Don't be misled by inferior grades. The best is the cheapest.
49 lb. sack Purity.....\$2.40
98 lb. sk. Purity.....\$4.80
Other grades.....\$2.15 and \$4.30

Specials

All specials advertised in the last issue of this paper will be on sale up to Saturday of this week.

ORANGES (according to size)—
Per doz. 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c

LEMONS.....30c and 35c

LOCAL STRAWBERRIES.....At market prices.

SMOKERS' SUPPLIES.....We carry a full line of Tobaccos, Pipes, Cigarettes, Pouches, etc.

Players T. & B. and Sweet Caporal Cigarettes at, per pkt.....10c

Crockery News

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

Notwithstanding the advance in the prices of all china and crockery imported from European points our lists have not been changed and many articles could not be replaced for what we are charging for them. If in need of anything in this department look over our stock.

Hardware Dept.

Northern Refrigerator, made from well seasoned hardwood, galvanized lined, size 36x27x45 inches; good value at \$22.50 for.....\$18.00

Frost River White Enamelled Steel Refrigerators, enamel lined, size 25x18x49 inches; good value at \$30.00, for.....\$25.00

Heavy Tin Wash Boilers, copper bottom. Reg. \$3.00 for.....\$2.25

Heavy All Copper Wash Boilers. Reg. \$5.00 for.....\$3.95

Galvanized Wash Tubs. Reg. 85c for.....50c

Crown Zinc Wash Boards, Each.....20c

Enamelled Queen Wash Boards, Each.....35c

Bronze Queen Wash Boards, Each.....35c

Do your painting now and save money. S. & W. House Paints only, per gallon.....\$2.75

VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA, WANTS SETTLERS

Special inducements: government land, railways, free schools, cheap irrigation, 25 years to pay for farms adapted to alfalfa, corn, grains, fruit, etc. (Apply to) H. C. CALVERT, agent, 667 Market St., San Francisco, Cal., Box 26

Eight.



TIME TABLE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN BRANCH

Daily trains both ways to Okanagan Landing, except Sunday.

| STATIONS | North bound | South bound |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| Shuswap | 10:40 (Lv.) | 17:25 (Ar.) |
| Grindrod | 11:11 | 16:40 |
| Armstrong | 11:25 | 16:24 |
| Armstrong | 11:39 | 16:09 |
| Armstrong | 12:05 | 15:20 |
| Armstrong | 12:23 | 14:40 |
| Armstrong | 12:50 | 14:05 |
| Armstrong | 13:10 (Ar.) | 13:40 (Lv.) |

OKANAGAN STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

Steamer Scamias runs daily except Sunday between Okanagan Landing and Penticton as follows:

Ok. Landing—South bound, 13:45; north bound, 15:35.

Whiteman's Creek—South bound, Wednesday only.

Ewing's Landing—South bound, Monday and Friday.

Sunnyvale—South bound, Wednesday only.

Nahcun—South bound, Monday and Friday.

Okanagan Centre—Daily except Sunday.

Wilson's Landing—South bound, Wednesday only; north bound, Saturday only.

Ok. Landing—South bound, 15:35; north bound, 10:40; daily except Sunday.

Okanagan Mission—South bound, Wednesday; flag Saturday.

Westbank—Daily except Sunday.

Gellatly—South bound, daily except Sunday; north bound, 7:50 daily except Sunday.

Peachland—South bound, 17:15; north bound, 8:40; daily except Sunday.

Summerland—South bound, 18:40; north bound, 7:45; daily except Sunday.

Naramata—South bound, daily except Sunday; north bound, daily except Sunday.

Penticton—South bound, 19:45; north bound, 10:40; daily except Sunday.

East bound from Scamias daily—No. 2, 10:34; No. 4, 22:17; No. 14 (St. Paul), 5:16.

West bound from Scamias daily—No. 1, 17:43; No. 3, 7:16; No. 13 (Seattle), 1:07.

H. W. BRODIE, J. A. MORRISON, Gen. Passenger Agent, Vancouver, B.C., VERNON, B. C.

STAGES.

Stage for Kelowna leaves Vernon Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a.m.

Auto stage for Lumby leaves Vernon daily at 1:30 p.m.

Stage leaves Lumby for Mabel Lake every Thursday at noon.

POST OFFICE.

Mails close for the north daily, except Sunday, 10:40 a.m.

Mails close for the south, daily, except Sunday, 12:20 a.m.

Registration closes fifteen minutes before closing the mails.

Money Order business from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

T. E. CROWELL

Contractor and Builder

VERNON, - - - B. C.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished for all kinds of work.

BRICK FOR SALE

Okanagan Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

First-class Single and Double Teams.

All kinds of Heavy Teaming and Expressing promptly attended to.

WOOD AND COAL FOR SALE

NEIL & CRYDERMAN

Proprietors

Tronson and 8th Sts. VERNON, B. C.



COUNTY COURT SITTINGS

NOTICE

Take notice that the next sitting of the County Court of Yale will be held at Vernon, B.C., on Wednesday, the 16th day of June, 1915, commencing at 2 p.m.

H. F. WILMOT, R. C. C.

The PERCHERON STALLION

JEAN

Property of the Coldstream Estate

Will stand at LUMBY at Upper Meadows from Monday to Friday each week from July 1st to July 15th, 1915.

Fee: \$20.00 per season. All mares to be shown at LUMBY.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Live Stock Branch

CERTIFICATE OF PURCHASE

Law of British Columbia, Chapter 21, 1907, Part 2, Sec. 191.

The Pedigree of the Stallion Jean (Comp.)

Description as follows: (Comp.) Percheron, dark bay, 16 hands, 1600 lbs., 10 years old, bred in the year 1907, by the late Mr. J. H. Smith, of the Coldstream Estate, near LUMBY, B. C.

Stallion is of pure breeding, and is registered in the Pedigree of the Coldstream Estate, near LUMBY, B. C.

(Signed) J. H. SMITH, Minister of Agriculture

(Signed) ALBERT E. CHAPMAN, Secy., in Charge, Live-Stock Branch

Dated at Victoria this 15th day of May, 1915.

Municipality of Peachland

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the first annual sitting of the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all appeals against the assessment for the year 1914, as made by the Assessor of the Municipality of Peachland, will be held in the Court Chambers, Peachland, on Saturday, June 12th, at 10:30 a.m.

All appeals, stating grounds of appeal, must be made in writing to the Assessor at least ten days previous to the sitting of the Court.

Dated at Peachland, B. C., this 10th day of May, A. D. 1915.

W. M. DRYDEN, Assessor.

HAPPENINGS THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT

Weekly Budget of News Contributed By Our Regular Correspondents.

SALMON RIVER

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RICHLANDS

It has rained almost incessantly for three weeks now.

Miss Fryer, Mrs. Kruger, S. Richards and K. O. Woods, all visitors to Richlands, attended the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Williams of Bryn Ranch have moved to their pre-emption in the Creighton Valley.

Dr. Elftman of the Fire Valley Gold Mining Company passed through by automobile on Wednesday.

Messrs. M. and L. Beaven started this week for their pre-emption on the Monashee road and will remain there some time, as they will also assist M. McQuarry in stumping on a Holmes' lot.

The dance referred to in recent notes was a great success. Very few people were present, but this gave it more the appearance of a family party. The music was good, and so was the dancing, while refreshments were much enjoyed, one young man telling every body that he had eaten four kinds of cake!

At a well attended meeting of the Hill Settlers' Association held on the 25th inst. steps were taken to initiate various improvements which are likely to benefit the district in the near future. It is gratifying to see such an interest in all matters connected with the welfare of the settlement.

His many friends will regret to hear that Bill Hedmund of Cherry Creek met with a serious gun accident last Saturday. Whilst aiming at a hawk it happened that the shot gun exploded, and he was rushed to Lumby to see Dr. Nash. Latest reports are to the effect that the arm is badly lacerated but no bones hurt, and it is hoped that with treatment he may recover the use of his arm.

Visitors to the mines report the roads in shocking condition, particularly in the vicinity of Hilton, which strangers would imagine was built on gumbo. There is an improvement from Jim Hansen's, probably due to the fact that there is more shale and gravel than there used to be.

We are, however, hoping for great improvements now that so many government officials have had to negotiate our roads lately in connection with the bringing up of alien property between 250 and 300 prisoners, together with guards and officials. It is up to the local people to see that they can supply most of the commissariat. It is rumored that the advance guard of the Dominion engineer, together with the inspectors of roads, passed through for a final inspection last week.

ARMSTRONG

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lowes and family left for Kelowna to the town last Monday.

Messrs. W. V. Marshall, Perry and White were business visitors to Vernon on Monday.

The city has had a number of men and "cans at work on the streets grading and leveling up with crushed rock, which was badly needed.

Council Meeting.

Minutes of the regular meeting of May 10th were read, and on motion of Ald. Creed-Reed, adopted as read.

Correspondence: Letters from the Provincial Secretary giving the appointment of Alderman Creed as a member of the License Board; W. O. W. & Co., Ltd., offering \$5 and \$9.40 respectively, for debentures. Fraser-Reid, that this correspondence be received and filed. Carried.

Letter from Mrs. Morris & Arbuckle, Vernon, asking for the payment of \$16, being the inquest charges on the body of Mr. Sage, senior. Fraser-Reid, that this account be paid. Carried.

Letter from the Department of Agriculture, re Nootka Weeds Act 1915, asking the Council to co-operate with the Department with regard to the eradication of noxious weeds. Creed-Halliday: That the clerk be instructed to write to the Department with reference to this matter. Carried.

Letter from the Municipal Council with reference to the Nuisance Ground. Letter from Tom Andrews with regard to the contract for 200 yards of crushed rock. Both matters were left in the hands of the chairman of the two respective departments.

Alderman Creed informed the Council that he had gone into the question of hydrants for Eastview, but came to the conclusion that at present there was no chance of raising the expense, as he to defray the expense. He further made report that a new lot shed at the power house would cost \$15, and that a number of new electric light poles were required.

Alderman Reid reported that he was making progress with the grading of the roads, and that he was now ready for the crushed rock.

The clerk was instructed to ask T. Andrews to return any city tools loaned to him and not yet returned.

Fraser-Reid: That the offer of \$2,725 of Messrs. H. H. Nixson & Co. for the \$2,500 school debentures, and also the sale of \$3,500 electric light debentures at 91 be accepted and confirmed. Carried.

OKANAGAN LANDING

Talbot Van Antwerp left on Tuesday for a visit to friends in Vancouver.

Thos. Goss left last week to take up a position with the Kelowna Saw Mill Co.

W. Philpott, who has been for a short visit to Vancouver, returned on Tuesday.

On the next train card now in force the train will arrive here at 1:40 and leave at 2:10. Outgoing mail closes at 2:25.

The stores have come to an arrangement regarding the Thursday afternoon holiday, and beginning on June 1st will close each Thursday afternoon at 2:30.

OYAMA

Mr. and Mrs. Jacques and party from Vernon were picnicking and spending Sunday at Oyama.

Mrs. F. Godwin and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Middleton, at Midmar Ranch, Coldstream.

The cherries are ripe and ready to pick. "Hurry, hurry to pick."

Nursery rhymes.

Mr. and Mrs. Moberly visited Vernon on Thursday last. Mrs. Moberly to make a few days' visit with Mrs. Quine.

Mr. and Miss Sigat returned from Vernon on Sunday afternoon, and had a pleasant time on Wood Lake beach.

A large party intended going up to the Pagant of Empire on Thursday night but many did not go on account of rain which simply poured down.

F. Rayburn left for Penticton on Monday where he is invited to attend the reception and banquet to mark the arrival of the first train on the Kettle Valley Railway.

The children of Oyama and surrounding districts are asked to remember the "Moral fete" at the Kalamalka Agricultural Hall the early part of August. We hope to have a good collection.

Quite a number of men and teams are busy working to fix the pipe of the Long Lake Irrigation Company. It will soon be joined and water running again. The rainy weather seems to be very undesirable at this time. "It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good" seems to apply in many ways just now.

Mr. Robertson of Fort William visited Mr. and Mrs. E. Trask over Sunday.

Mr. Robertson owns land on the Wood Lake sub-division. He called here on his way home after spending some time at Los Angeles, Cal. He also visited the Panama-Pacific Exposition and was delighted with the general and prevalent idea that the Canadian buildings and exhibits were the best there. He said everybody was talking about it. He was more than delighted with our exhibit, and is very pleased that the Owens land in such a delightful locality, and hopes to make his home here at some future time.

HAPPENINGS THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT

(Continued from Page 8.)

PEACHLAND

Mrs. Wm. Douglas was a visitor to Kelowna on Friday.

Miss Agnes Fisher of Summerland is the guest of Miss Bea Lang at present.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church meets this week with Mrs. Somerville.

Messrs. Wm. Sanderson and Alex. Seaton are among the Peachlanders who are anxious to go to the front.

Frank Fraser of Kelowna motored over on Saturday, in the interests of the Occidental Fruit Co.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown and sons took a trip to Naramata on Sunday in Mr. Winger's gasolene launch.

Mrs. Wm. Lupton of Kelowna visited her parents for a short time on Saturday, returning home the same evening.

Miss Annie Seaton went to Pentiction on Saturday's boat to spend a few days with her aunt, Mrs. John Baldock.

Clement Atkins and his two sons, William and Ernest, drove to Pentiction on Tuesday, and while there the boys enlisted.

The King's birthday is to be celebrated here by a citizens picnic, at the recreation grounds. A short list of sports will be given.

Arthur Theobald left for Pentiction on Thursday to give his name to the recruiting officer there. He has been accepted, and will leave for training shortly.

Mrs. George Phillips and her two little girls, have returned from the prairies, and are spending the summer with Mrs. Phillips' parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Keyes.

Miss Louise Gibb, who spent the past month as the guest of Miss Irene Elliott, returned to her home in Armstrong on Wednesday. She will spend some time on the way home in Vernon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dryden entertained the checker club last Thursday, when the match was between the town and Trepanier. The score was, Trepanier won 15, draw 5, and lost 12.

Miss Dancer, who spent several months in town a while ago, and is at present visiting the Panama Exposition, has bought a lot in Summerland, and will return to the valley in about a month.

To Peachland again belongs the honor of shipping the first cherries. For over a week shipments have been made of the earliest varieties. Packing will now continue pretty steadily until the last of the fruit is picked. Thinning is now the order of the day.

John McKinnon, Jas. Michael, Wm. Miller and Wm. Williams attended the sale of horses, held at Kelowna on Thursday by the Land and Orchard Co. Wm. Miller and Wm. Williams each bought a team, and Jas. Michael one horse. The sale is to be continued at a later date.

The "bon fire" which had to be postponed a week on account of the rain, took place on Friday night on the beach at Rev. A. Henderson's. A jolly time was spent, ending up with songs round the fire, Miss D. Harrington accompanying on the violin.

Mrs. John McGregor entertained a few friends on Friday afternoon in honor of the Misses Dorothy and Muriel Harrington and Leone Morrison, all of whom are leaving town for other parts on Saturday. A delightful time was spent on the lawn playing various games.

We would remind the members of the Women's Institute that Tuesday, June 8th will be institute day. Mrs. Thos. Powell will give a paper on "Child's mind and body, and children's rights." Only twelve members were present at the last regular meeting, so please bear in mind the date. The response to the roll call will be "my favorite general."

Miss Dorothy Harrington delighted the congregation in the Union Church on Sunday morning with a skillfully played violin solo. Miss Harrington has added much to the pleasure of her performances since coming among us by the grace and willingness with which she lends her art for the enjoyment of others. We are all sorry to lose her from our midst, and trust that she may have a very pleasant holiday, and assure both her and her estimable sister, Miss Muriel, who is also leaving us, that our cordial welcome awaits them should they see fit to return here.

Thos. Norris and son of Lumby motored to the lake on Friday.

Oliver Geer made a trip to Oyam on Friday last, returning Tuesday the 26th.

H. Placent was a visitor to Vernon this week.

Miss Fryer of Shuswap Falls spent the week-end at Blue Springs.

Mr. Anstey, school inspector, visited our school on May 26, and reports the school as making good progress.

The holiday passed very quietly here, on account of the weather. There were but few picnickers at the lake.

Mrs. C. A. Skalet and Mrs. Love were guests of Mrs. Henry Skalet on May 24. Gus, Annis and John Albers also spent the 24th at Skalet's.

Already the young people are bringing in the wild and reckless which would have ripened still earlier had it not been for cloudy weather during the past two weeks.

Andrew Faulkner, foreman for Rogers Lumber Company, moved his crew to the lake on Saturday. Since then they have been busy picking up logs as the boom broke.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Skalet of Vernon arrived Saturday by auto at Henry Skalet's. They returned to town on the 24th, accompanied by Andrew Hunsbom.

Mrs. and Miss Sewell of Livingston to hold a course of lectures on "Nature" by three or four nurses who have been chosen. Mrs. R. C. Lipsitt, a member of the Advisory Board of Women's Institutes, reports that another district convention will be held, probably at Salmon Arm. Mrs. Lipsitt also reports that the Government is preparing to make a per capita grant of 25 cents, in addition to subsidizing the prize but wherever flower shows are held.

Mr. Adam Blyth, who for five years has been a citizen of Summerland, died on the hospital on Friday last, at the age of 75. He was a man of high character, and an exceptional fine social event passed off without a hitch.

The Ladies' Institute are arranging to hold a course of lectures on "Nature" by three or four nurses who have been chosen. Mrs. R. C. Lipsitt, a member of the Advisory Board of Women's Institutes, reports that another district convention will be held, probably at Salmon Arm. Mrs. Lipsitt also reports that the Government is preparing to make a per capita grant of 25 cents, in addition to subsidizing the prize but wherever flower shows are held.

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LUMBY

T. A. Norris went to Mabel Lake on Monday.

Angus Woods was among those who visited Lumby on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Finlayson were visitors to Lumby on Saturday.

C. D. Simms and Hugh Heggie motored to "F. D. Finlayson's ranch" at Shuswap Falls on Friday last.

C. R. Immerson and family of Richlands were visitors to Lumby for a couple of days last week.

Mrs. H. F. Beattie was the guest of Mrs. Henderson in Vernon for a few days this week.

Mrs. Jones of Summerland, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. F. Webster, for the past week, returned home Monday.

R. D. Kenny, representing McEwen & McFeeley, wholesale hardware jobbers of Vancouver, was here on a business visit on Monday.

A number of residents of Lumby motored to Vernon last Thursday evening to attend the "Pageant of Empire."

J. W. Evans, who recently arrived here from the coast, has gone to the Monashee where he has accepted a position with the Fire Valley Gold Mining Co.

David Lister, Junior, of Summerland, who used to be employed by G. L. Ormsby, is spending a few days here this week. He is also visiting Trinity Valley during his stay.

After several weeks visiting friends in Lumby, Mrs. L. McDougall will return to Vernon tomorrow, when after spending a few days there will then leave for Lytton, B. C., where she will pay an extended visit to her brother.

Mr. Black, Government Superintendent of Roads, accompanied by Mr. Webster, Government Engineer, and Dr. A. H. Elftman, passed through Lumby on Wednesday of last week on their way to look over the proposed new road from Monashee to the Arrow Lakes.

Presbyterian services for the week will be as follows: "Friday evening at 7:30, there will be a children's meeting. These meetings are to be held regularly each week. They will consist of teachings on the life of Christ and the Apostles, and it is to be hoped that parents will endeavor to see that their children attend them, as they are very interesting and instructive. Sunday school will be held at 11 a. m. on June 6 in the church, and service will be at Richlands at 11 a. m., Cherry Creek at 2 p. m., and Lumby 7:30 p. m.

The Municipal Council, together with Dr. F. W. Andrews met as a Board of Health. It was reported that through the untiring efforts of the sanitary inspector, the standard of dairies was raised. Persons were not allowed to sell milk, if they did not have the proper accommodations for their cows. It was decided that means should be provided for testing milk for butyric acid and solids. The doctor was instructed that when any complaints were made to the sanitary inspector, that he, the doctor, should have the milk duly examined. It was recommended that all manure and cabbage heaps and refuse from the packing houses should be removed, and thereby prevent the breeding of flies. The medical officer is preparing a report dealing with the question of the septic tanks, as to the disposal of their discharge, and also as to the proper method of the construction of septic tanks. Any tanks constructed in the future must meet with the approval of the Board of Health.

Empire Day was celebrated by Summerland people in a hearty and successful fashion. A full day's programme of events had been arranged, and in spite of the unfavorable weather, a very large crowd attended at Crescent Beach. From a financial point of view the day's proceedings were a success, yet indeed from every point of view, everything reflected great credit upon those in charge of the day's events. The judges for the horse competition were Dr. Goldsmith of Summerland and Mr. Seth Davidson of Peachland. Dr. Lipsitt was the official paymaster, and J. Bristow and J. Lamlee were the starters. The following is a list of the events and winners: Heavy draft team—1, Experimental Farm; 2, T. B. Young; 3, Summerland Lumber Co. Single driver—1, S. E. Pares; 2, E. B. Mays.

Free-for-all trot or pace—1, L. Hatfield. Half mile running race—1, E. N. Rowley; 2, H. M. Lumsden. Ladies' race—1, Mrs. Collas; 2, Miss Clouston.

Pony race (8 entries)—1, J. Lawler; 2, Sankey Nelson; 2, Roy Watson. Cowboy race—1, J. Lawler; 2, Fred Brent. Stake race—1, S. Nelson; 2, Josie Brent.

Boys' Scout relay race (Summerland vs. Naramata)—Won by Summerland. Men's relay race (Summerland vs. West Summerland)—Won by Summerland.

220 yards dash—1, Geo. Dale; 2, Murray Cochrane. 440 yards dash—1, Saul Aleck; 2, Elmer Elliott. 100 yards foot race—1, Geo. Dale; 2, Murray Cochrane.

Two baseball games were played, one being between the Summerland and Peachland teams, the second being between the juniors of the same two towns. The senior game resulted in a win for Peachland by a score of 7 to 4, while the Peachland boys also won the junior game by 3 to 0.

A five-a-side football match was played, the winner being a team captained by Frank Stewart.

On Thursday last the Summerland Hospital Society held their annual meeting at which the vice-president, Mrs. H. C. McIlroy, presided. The report of the Ladies Auxiliary was read by Mrs. W. H. Hayes. On behalf of the Board, Mrs. C. N. Haggan thanked the ladies for their help in erecting the building, and in the preparing of the equipment. An admirable report was presented by the matron. It was agreed to furnish the upper part of the building so as to place an additional bathroom in the building. A number of by-laws and regulations were read and approved, and ordered to be sent to Victoria for the assent of the Government. It was also decided that an isolation ward be fitted up, and that the grounds be put in order and landscaped. The directors were appointed as follows: To act for one year—H. C. McIlroy, Mrs. R. M. Ross and W. H. Hayes. To act for two years—W. H. Hayes, W. Haggan and Dr. Lipsitt. To act for three years—W. J. Robinson, E. B. Mays and Mrs. Hayes. Auditor, Fred Nixon. The directors held a session, the result being that the following officers were elected: President, H. C. McIlroy; vice-presidents, C. N. Haggan, Dr. R. L. Lipsitt; treasurer, E. B. Mays; and secretary, T. H. Riley.

The following are the details of the Okanagan students standing in connection with the MacMaster examination. The figures 1, 2 and 3 refer to the class of pass obtained.

First Year Students.

W. M. Armstrong—Bible 2, English 3, Latin 3, Physics 3, Chemistry 2, German 3, History 2, Mathematics 2, Biology 3.

L. E. Bent—Bible 3, Latin 3, Mathematics 2, Biology 3, Chemistry 2, French 2, History 2, English 3, Physics 2, Philosophy 1.

H. E. Bent—Bible 2, Latin 1, French 2, History 2, English 3, Mathematics 2, Physics 2, Biology 3, Chemistry 2.

G. C. Dale—Bible 3, English 3, French 3, History 3, Mathematics 3, Physics 3, Biology 3, Chemistry 3.

Mrs. M. E. Dale—Bible 3, English 3, French 3, History 3, Mathematics 3, Physics 3, Biology 3, Chemistry 3.

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Mrs. and Miss Sewell of Livingston to hold a course of lectures on "Nature" by three or four nurses who have been chosen. Mrs. R. C. Lipsitt, a member of the Advisory Board of Women's Institutes, reports that another district convention will be held, probably at Salmon Arm. Mrs. Lipsitt also reports that the Government is preparing to make a per capita grant of 25 cents, in addition to subsidizing the prize but wherever flower shows are held.

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was greatly respected. As far as is known, he has no relatives in Canada, but has four sisters, one in England, one in Australia and two in Etchick Bridge, Selkirk, Scotland, from which place Mr. Blyth came. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian Church on Sunday last, the last rite being conducted by Rev. C. H. Daley.

An interesting talk was given by Mr. W. Wright on "What Women Should Know About Banking." The "Allied-for-Rights" buttons were distributed among the members to sell, the proceeds being to raise funds to buy soldiers' socks.

A marriage of considerable local interest, was solemnized on Wednesday afternoon last, at St. Stephen's Church. The contracting parties were Mr. Herbert W. Harvey of Summerland, and Miss Bertha Orchard, who recently arrived from England. The bride was attended by the groom's two sisters, while the groom was supported by Miss Margaret White, daughter of the making of marsh-mallows, while Mrs. Geo. Gartrell demonstrated the making of a jelly roll. It was decided to have a display of flowers and a ten cent tea in the place of the annual flower show generally held in the month of August.

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MIRIAM LODGE, No. 20, A. F. & A. M.
The next regular meet-
ing of this lodge, will
be held on Thursday,
May 27, 1915.
Visiting brethren are
cordially invited to at-
tend.
W. E. MEGAW, W.M.
E. DIXON, Secretary.

**VERNON VALLEY LODGE, No. 18,
I. O. O. F.**
Meets every Wednes-
day evening, in the
O. F. Hall on Fourth
Barnard Avenue, Ver-
non, at 8 o'clock. So-
liding brethren are
cordially invited to attend.
JAS. CRAWSHAW, N. G.
ROY ST. JOHN, V. M.
O. B. HOLDEN, Sec. Sec.

**I. O. O. F. Hall on the
second and fourth
Tuesday of each
month, at 8 o'clock.
At 11 o'clock, independent
Foresters receive
a hearty welcome.
J. BIGLAND, Chief Ranger.
C. BIRD, Recording Secretary.
G. WOODS, Financial Secretary.**

**CANADIAN ORDER WOODMEN OF
THE WORLD**
Pleasant Valley Camp,
No. 148, meets the first
and third Monday of every
month, in Oddfellows
Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting
brethren always wel-
come.
J. BRIARD, A. L.
J. F. MOFFAT, Clerk.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
Coldstream Lodge, No.
18, Knights of Pythias,
meets on the first and
third Monday of every
month, in Oddfellows
Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting
brethren always wel-
come.
A. J. KENT,
A. LEISHMAN, K. of R. & S.

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE
OKANAGAN LODGE, No. 1230,
VERNON, B. C.
Meetings on the second
and fourth Friday in
the month, at the
Oddfellows Hall, at 8 p.m.
Visiting members
cordially invited.
R. SWIFT, Dictator.
R. A. DENTON, Secretary.

O. B. HATCHARD, M. S. A.
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Pupil of Oliver King (Professor at the
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PILLS**
The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World
Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

ANOTHER DISASTER AT NANAIMO

Explosion in Mine Takes Terrible
Toll of Twenty-two
Lives.

Nanaimo, B. C., May 28.—A disastrous explosion in the Reserve Mine yesterday afternoon resulted fatally, it is believed, to 22 miners.
Eleven bodies have been taken out of the mine at 10.30 o'clock today.
The accident took place just after the change of shifts. At the time of the explosion there were 36 men in the mine, and of this number thirteen escaped unhurt and reached the surface safely within an hour.
Four others were recovered shortly afterwards, of whom three were dead and one fatally injured. This left 19 men unaccounted for and there is no hope of any of them being saved. The total casualty list therefore is 22 and no hope is entertained of recovery of the injured man who was brought out and is now lying in a local hospital.
The explosion was distinctly heard and felt on the surface in the vicinity of the shaft. Surface men say that it sounded as if something heavy had fallen down the shaft, and at the same time they distinctly felt a tremor of the earth.

Smoke From the Shaft.
Following the explosion smoke at once poured out of the upcast shaft, leaving no doubt as to what had really occurred. As to what caused the explosion nothing can be said definitely at present.
All indications point to an ignition of a body of inflammable gas and the explosion developed great force. Members of rescue parties state that the bottom of the intake shaft is piled up with rocks, and the body of the man has not yet been recovered. There are evidences of greater force further in, and signs of flame and heat, with here and there the usual cave-in.
It is thought that the origin of the explosion will be found at the west end of the mine as ventilation has been restored will throw more light on this point.

Rescue Work Begins.
The news of the disaster was speedily known in town, and rescue gangs were quickly summoned and despatched to the scene. As usual in mining disasters there were no lack of volunteers, but the company's officials relied on their own trained men.
As soon as practicable exploration of the mine was begun and men equipped with Dräger helmets reached to within a very short distance of the face.
They found no sign of fire in the mine, but a number of caves in, and satisfied themselves beyond a doubt that none of the men in the mine could be alive.
It was then decided to restore ventilation of the mine by replacing doors and stoppings which had been blown out.

Saved Four Men.
At least four men owe their escape very largely to the heroism of a workman, J. C. Cook, and son Arthur. Air, Gould and Wm. Thompson, following the explosion, were making their way out to No. 2 shaft. They were overtaken by smoke, and fearing they could not make the shaft, decided to take refuge in a rock tunnel. Their last refuge was a rock tunnel, and as the air was short-circuiting between the two shafts they counted on being able to live in this refuge. Thompson preferred to struggle out towards the shaft, considering the fact that it was only about 150 yards to the shaft and that a first explosion is so often followed by a second. He therefore went on while the four other men made for the rock tunnel. The tunnel had no exit, and gradually the smoke and poisoned air drove them back towards the rock tunnel, preventing them from putting up any barricade.

Returns for Comrades.
Thompson meanwhile made the shaft and was hoisted to safety. He was naturally fully aware of the plight of the four men he had left behind, and at once asked for a Dräger helmet. Unfortunately he had never been issued to its use and just at the time there was no one there to explain it to him. Still he would not give up the idea of getting his four companions out and he descended the mine again. From the shaft bottom he made three separate attempts to reach the rock tunnel while he was confident the men would have taken refuge. Each time he was driven back by the smoke and poisonous air.
This intrepid fellow, beaten back three times, was not yet discouraged. For the fourth time he started out and reached the tunnel and the men in it. With him to lead them back they were willing to attempt the passage back to the shaft and all were saved.

The Cause of the Explosion.
While it is too early yet to state with any degree of accuracy what caused the explosion, it is the opinion of experienced coal miners that it was mine gas, a big gusher of gas was struck. It is said that there is more danger in operating a new mine than an old one, the general characteristics of which are pretty well known to the officials. It was known that there was considerable gas in the Reserve Mine, and fully aware of these conditions, it is said that the officials had been taking every precaution.

To Investigate Disaster.
Acting Premier Bowser announced this morning that Mr. James Ashworth, M. P., formerly general manager of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, had left on the noon boat for Nanaimo to investigate the coal mine disaster. Chief Inspector Thos. Graham, he said, was already on the ground.

AMERICAN WOMEN IN GERMAN PRISON

They Insulted a German Officer,
So Report Says.

Amsterdam, May 29.—Two San Francisco women, Mrs. Harriet Boyce of San Francisco, and her daughter, have been sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment in Lander, Germany, for insulting a German officer, according to advices received here today.
On April 9 Ambassador Gerard secured a stay of sentence against the San Francisco women, which was granted, and they were released on bail of \$1000 which was furnished by the American consul at Munich, where they went while awaiting the outcome of Gerard's protest.
The two women are charged with using insulting language to the German officer who was examining their baggage. They later declared there was no insult intended and that if any remarks were made of that nature, they were due to their unfamiliarity with the German language.

METHODIST CONFER- ENCE ENDS ITS WORK

Meeting Next Year Will Be Held
in Mount Pleasant Church,
Vancouver.

New Westminster, May 28.—The British Columbia Conference of the Methodist Church closed its sessions on Wednesday to meet next year, May 25, at the Mount Pleasant Church, Vancouver. Messrs. Joseph Patrick, R. H. Cairns, William Savage, R. W. Harris, K. C. and D. S. Curtis were appointed a special committee to act with the chairmen of the districts and transact any business during the interim of conference.
A resolution referring to organic union presented by Rev. Dr. White was after considerable discussion laid on the table for one year.
Moving Pictures.
A resolution which was unanimously adopted, read: "We would express our gratification to the provincial authorities for their action in the matter of the censorship of moving picture shows, also for the enactment of legislation which will prevent holders of liquor licenses becoming members of municipal councils and that the Attorney-General has insisted upon the enforcement of the law which requires all holders of licenses to furnish meals and lodging and that the licenses of a number of clubs have recently been cancelled because of infractions of the law."

Rev. J. P. Westman continued a telegram reading him to continue in the work of field secretary for British Columbia and Alberta. The conference endorsed the appointment and assured Mr. Westman of its interest and hearty support. Rev. F. W. Hardy was appointed conference treasurer and Rev. F. W. Langford as conference representative to the general board of Epworth Leagues and Sunday Schools.
A supplementary report was presented by the committee on social service and evangelism.
The conference also considered clauses of the report dealt with child welfare, while another clause endorsed the proposed lecture bureau which this department has decided to organize.

With regard to the registration of Indian marriages, a view was expressed to the effect that the question of the registration of Indian marriages has been discussed by the department with the Dominion Government, who state that they have already taken the matter up with the Provincial Government.
Organizations of brotherhoods were also advocated.
Upon the subject of industrial conditions the committee reported: "The present conditions of unemployed demand serious consideration and that so much attention is being given to this problem by the federal, provincial and municipal authorities as well as by employees' labor unions and all classes of our people."

Referendum and Recall.
"In harmony with the spirit of democracy and with a view to over-stand in the way of remedial legislation, we recommend to the Conference to express itself as favorable to the principle of referendum and recall by which the power of initiating legislation and controlling administration is placed in the hands of the people and public servants may be recalled to account for the trust committed to them should circumstances so require, and your committee respectfully recom- mend the British Columbia legisla- ture to call upon the Provincial Government to enact such legislation as shall meet these requirements."

The committee recommends the following district secretaries: Rev. E. J. Service, Vancouver; Victoria, Rev. John Robson; Nanaimo, Rev. Wm. El- liott; Vancouver West, Minister of Kit- silano; Vancouver East, Rev. E. W. Braden; New Westminster, Rev. W. W. Abbott; Kamloops, Rev. G. O. Fallis; Kootenay, Rev. W. Lee; West Koot- enay, Rev. F. L. Carpenter; Port George, Rev. Dr. Large; Prince George, Rev. Dr. Winch.
Those nominated for general board were Rev. C. T. Scott, D.D., Rev. E. J. Service, Rev. E. W. Keenleyside, Mr. W. N. Mitchell, treasurer, Rev. C. W. Whittaker. Representative to annual meeting of general board, Mr. R. F. Stillman. Social Service Council of British Columbia: Laymen, Messrs. H. Cairns, R. G. Clark, J. G. Clark, J. Langford and Geo. Bell; ministers, Rev. R. F. Stillman, Rev. C. W. Whit- taker, Rev. R. J. McIntyre, Rev. F. W. Langford and Rev. C. T. Scott, D.D.

Sunday Observance.
The committee on Sabbath Observance reported in part as follows: The committee regarded that as a day of recreation. The government were commended for their action in prohibiting moving picture machines operating on that day.

Mountain View Church, Vancouver, owing to a disastrous fire with no in- surance on the building was brought to the attention of the Conference. A statement of the finances were pre- sented and June 27 was appointed a day when an appeal would be made to British Columbia congregations. The favorable consideration of the General Conference.

Social Service Work.
Rev. Dr. Moore gave an outline on the work of the social service in British Columbia and throughout the Dominion. He believed that the im- portance for prohibition should be pressed with vigor. Rev. R. N. Powell of Van- couver gave a splendid address on Evangelism. Mr. Powell will leave shortly for his new charge in Toronto.
At the ministerial session held on Wednesday morning the Conference decided to ordain Mr. James Studebaker, Rev. W. C. Schlichter, who resigned a year ago from the ministry of the Methodist Church, applied for and was granted re-ordination.

The annual Conference' missionary committee in its report unanimously resolved to continue the Dawson and Klondike missionary work. It was decided to institute a systematic canvass of every congregation in support of the General Missionary Fund.
The committee presented the Y. P. R. report. The report was gratifying. The working forces were 29 per cent. stronger than last year. Six new adult societies were formed and over 1000 new members had been added.

REACH ENGLAND SAFELY

Western Troops Have Arrived at
Plymouth and Devonport.

Winnipeg, May 31.—The 27th Bat- talion and other Western troops ar- rived in safety at Plymouth and Devonport on the Carpathian and Missonable, according to private tele- gram received today.

WOMEN AND PEACE

Proceedings of the International
Congress of Women at
the Hague.

(Contributed by the Vernon Branch of the Equality League.)
The International Congress of Women, which closed at The Hague on recently, turned a new page in history. Miss Jane Adams, its presiding officer, at the end of the Congress, called to the Chicago Herald these significant paragraphs:
"The public is enthusiastically realiz- ing the great outstanding fact that the solidarity of women in the midst of the world catastrophe was shown and the great international meeting came to a successful close without any serious disagreement or ruction. This is the more remarkable, taken in connection with the fact that all the great international organizations of science, labor, religion and social economy seemed to be in a state of complete inactivity, and that the year lost something being said or done that might endanger the neutrality of the small States or increase the bitterness between the parties to the conflict."

"The women who took part in the solemn deliberations which have ended many of whom had personally experienced the effect of war in the loss of their relatives, in the nursing of wounded, and in the disorganization of all normal living, throughout treated their sisters from the warring countries in a spirit of understanding and comradeship, and their protest was turned against war itself without any attempt to assess the blame."

"The congress was never without its emotional background, all the more im- pressive because so carefully restrain- ed. At moments one was reminded of the women of the Greek tragedy, who mourned not for their personal sor- rows, but for the great wrongs of the world. The modern woman, however, with her trained mind, not only cried out against the present system of force, but was able to hold her mind upon the devising of ways and means for substituting reason and law, concilia- tion and arbitration for the prevail- ing system."

On the first day of the congress a thrill stirred the audience as the wo- men of the various nations uttered sympathetic references to the sorrows and hardships of their sisters. Dr. Anita Augspurg aroused the enthus- iasm of the delegates when she de- clared that womanly feelings are above all race hatreds and that the German women stretched out their hands for friendship and international love.
Miss Courtney reciprocated with as- surance that English women recog- nized the women of other nations as sisters, and were heartily thankful to the neutral nations for calling the gathering, declaring that all women in their hearts wished for peace.

This was the first time the women of the world, as an organized body, have been in a position to make themselves heard in an effort to bring the great war to an end. Miss Courtney con- tinued, and the women were going to say what they thought of the war, not as nationals, but as women.
Olga Misar of Vienna also disparaged race hatred, and the women should help in other ways with sympathy and endeavor to end the war—a war which the women had not sought, but which had caused them great suffering.

Vilma Gluecklich, a Hungarian dele- gate, argued that women would not be worthy of their coming franchise, un- less they proved that they were doing something to abolish the war.

An address which held her auditors closely was delivered by Signorina Genoli, the sole Italian delegate. Speaking with great earnestness, she said she saw the horrors of war im- pending in Italy. The men, who were starving because of the stoppage of trade, demanded to be sent to the front to fight, where they would be certain to obtain food, she said.
Dozens of messages from every coun- try, except Belgium, were read by Dr. Boissevain.
Dr. Aletta Jacobs, in her speech of welcome, said: "We, who convened this congress, never called it a peace congress, but an international congress, and to protest against the war, and to discuss ways and means by which war shall become an impossi- bility in the future."

Dr. Jacobs added that one of the most powerful means to attain this end would be the introduction of woman suffrage in all countries.
The adoption of a ringing resolution urging that moral, social and economic pressure be brought to bear upon na- tions failing to refer their disagree- ments to arbitration, marked the open- ing of the second day.

Miss Aletta Carpenter of the United States declared that this was the first time in history that those who suffered most from the horrors of war had dared to protest, and that it was the women of the world who were the organizations which enabled them to do so.
Two resolutions were adopted. The first provided for democratic control in framing the foreign policies of na- tions. As amended and adopted, this resolution recommended the nullifica- tion of all secret treaties and the par- ticipation in the adoption of future treaties of the people, at least through the legislative branches of govern- ments.

The second resolution opposed the transfer of territory from one nation to another without the consent of the inhabitants. As amended and adopted, this resolution recommended recog- nition of the right of people to self- government, and demanded a demo- cratic form of government for every nation.
The business session of the third day of the International Congress of Women came to a dramatic climax when Mrs. Rosika Schwimmer of Hungary, seconded by a German woman, obtained a ringing resolution in favor of the nationalization of armaments as a step toward international disarmament.

This was later followed by an American proposal, unanimously ap- proved, urging the earliest possible accep- tance of the principle that private in- vestments in the resources of another country be made at the investor's risk and without a claim to official protec- tion by his government.
The following resolution was passed: "The International Congress of Wo- men, of different nations, creeds, classes and parties is united in ex- pressing sympathy with the suffering of all, whatever their nationality, who are fighting for their country, or who are laboring under the burden of war. Since the mass of the people of each of

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the countries now warring believe themselves to be fighting, not aggressive wars, but in self-defence, and for their national existence, it urges the governments of the world to put an end to this bloodshed and to begin peace negotiations; and it emphatically demands that the peace which follows shall be permanent, and that the principles which include those adopted by this congress."

That a secretary for peace should be added to all cabinets was the idea launched at a session of the International Congress of Women by Signorina Rosa Genoli, a delegate from Italy. Provision is made by govern- ments to look after every phase of life except the maintenance of peace be- tween nations, added Signorina Genoli amid great applause.

Miss Laura Hughes of Toronto, Can- ada, urged that the time had come when women should recapture the position of peace makers which they held in prehistoric ages. Then, when wo- men thought that the men had fought enough, they went out and stopped the strife.
At the final meeting there was adopted a proposal to send delegations representing the congress to the Presi- dent of the United States and to the heads of all the European powers for the purpose of demanding immediate cessation of the war.
"We are here not only to talk but to show the way to action," said Mrs. Rosika Schwimmer. "We wish to take positive steps to end this terrible war."

The International congress of wo- men resolves immediately to ask neu- tral countries to take steps to create a conference of neutrals, which, without delay, shall offer continuous mediation by inviting suggestions for a settle- ment from each of the belligerents, and by submitting to all of them simul- taneously reasonable proposals as a basis for peace.
Mrs. Fannie Andrews of Boston read a manifesto covering all the condi- tions which will be issued among wo- men throughout the civilized world, declares that this must be the last war. A permanent international committee was formed. It will make recom- mendations to a conference for a settle- ment of women to be held at the same time and place as the peace conference at the end of the war.
The resolution referring to fortifica- tions, which was passed previously, was modified later so that it now pro- vides simply that the arms shall be open to all nations on equal terms.

FURIOUS FIGHTING IS ON.
Berne, May 28.—Furious fighting be- tween the Austrian and Italian forces was progressing immediately west of Trieste, Italy.
An extensive battle at Ploken also is reported.

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